 Original Signature of 1	Member)

109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R.

To authorize appropriation for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.

# IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. GORDON (for himself and [see attached list of cosponsors]) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

# A BILL

To authorize appropriation for the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "National Aeronautics and Space Administration Author-
- 6 ization Act of 2005".



# 1 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for

# 2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Findings.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

# TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS

#### Subtitle A—Authorizations

- Sec. 101. Fiscal year 2006.
- Sec. 102. Fiscal year 2007.
- Sec. 103. Fiscal year 2008.

#### Subtitle B—General Provisions

- Sec. 111. Technology transfer program.
- Sec. 112. Proportionality.
- Sec. 113. Limitations on authority.
- Sec. 114. Notice of reprogramming.
- Sec. 115. Structure of budgetary accounts.
- Sec. 116. Cost growth and cost overruns.
- Sec. 117. Evaluation criteria for budget request.
- Sec. 118. Official representational fund.
- Sec. 119. Safety management.
- Sec. 120. Lessons learned and best practices.

# TITLE II—SCIENCE

## Subtitle A—General Provisions

- Sec. 201. Prioritization of science projects and activities.
- Sec. 202. Performance assessments.
- Sec. 203. Status report on Hubble Space Telescope servicing mission.
- Sec. 204. Future of the Deep Space Network.
- Sec. 205. Earth observing system.
- Sec. 206. Independent assessment of Landsat-NPOESS integrated mission.
- Sec. 207. Assessment of science mission extensions.
- Sec. 208. Microgravity research.

## Subtitle B—Remote Sensing

- Sec. 211. Definitions.
- Sec. 212. Pilot projects to encourage public sector applications.
- Sec. 213. Program evaluation.
- Sec. 214. Data availability.
- Sec. 215. Education.

### Subtitle C—George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey

Sec. 221. George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey.

### TITLE III—AERONAUTICS

Sec. 301. Definition.



Subtitle A-National Policy for Aeronautics Research and Development

Sec. 311. Policy.

## Subtitle B—NASA Aeronautics Breakthrough Research Initiatives

- Sec. 321. Environmental aircraft research and development initiative.
- Sec. 322. Civil supersonic transport research and development initiative.
- Sec. 323. Rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles research and development initiative.
- Sec. 324. Review.

# Subtitle C—Other NASA aeronautics research and development activities

- Sec. 331. Fundamental research and technology base program.
- Sec. 332. Airspace systems research.
- Sec. 333. Aviation safety and security research.
- Sec. 334. Zero-emissions aircraft research.
- Sec. 335. Mars aircraft research.
- Sec. 336. Hypersonics research.
- Sec. 337. NASA aeronautics scholarships.
- Sec. 338. Aviation weather research.
- Sec. 339. Assessment of wake turbulence research and development program.
- Sec. 340. University-based centers for research on aviation training.

#### TITLE IV—HUMAN SPACE FLIGHT

- Sec. 401. International Space Station completion.
- Sec. 402. Use of the International Space Station and annual report.
- Sec. 403. International Space Station cost cap.
- Sec. 404. Space shuttle transition.
- Sec. 405. Human exploration priorities.
- Sec. 406. Development of expanded permanent human presence beyond low-Earth orbit.
- Sec. 407. Ground-based exploration analog capabilities.
- Sec. 408. GAO assessment of feasibility of Moon and Mars exploration missions
- Sec. 409. United States human-rated launch capacity assessment.

# TITLE V—OTHER PROGRAM AREAS

# Subtitle A—Space and Flight Support

- Sec. 501. Space communications study.
- Sec. 502. Orbital debris.
- Sec. 503. Secondary payload capability.
- Sec. 504. NASA healthcare program.

### Subtitle B—Education

- Sec. 511. Institutions in NASA's minority institutions program.
- Sec. 512. Program to expand distance learning in rural underserved areas.
- Sec. 513. Charles "Pete" Conrad Astronomy Awards.
- Sec. 514. Review of education programs.
- Sec. 515. Equal access to NASA's education programs.

#### TITLE VI—COMMERCIALIZATION



- Sec. 601. Competitive prize program to encourage development of advanced space and aeronautical technologies.
- Sec. 602. Commercial support of International Space Station operations and utilization.
- Sec. 603. Commercialization plan.
- Sec. 604. Commercial goods and services.

### TITLE VII—WORKFORCE AND FACILITIES

- Sec. 701. Workforce strategy.
- Sec. 702. Facilities plan.
- Sec. 703. NASA test facilities policy.
- Sec. 704. Study on the feasibility of use of ground source heat pumps.
- Sec. 705. Facilities management.

### TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

- Sec. 801. Retrocession of jurisdiction.
- Sec. 802. Extension of indemnification authority.
- Sec. 803. Intellectual property provisions.
- Sec. 804. Electronic access to business opportunities.
- Sec. 805. Requirement for independent cost analysis.
- Sec. 806. Limitations on off-shore performance of contracts for the procurement of goods and services.

### TITLE IX—INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS

Sec. 901. Definitions.

Subtitle A—International Space Station Independent Safety Commission

- Sec. 911. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 912. Tasks of the Commission.

## Subtitle B—Human Space Flight Independent Investigation Commission

- Sec. 921. Establishment of Commission.
- Sec. 922. Tasks of the Commission.
- Sec. 923. Role of NTSB.

#### Subtitle C—Organization and Operation of Commissions

- Sec. 931. Composition of Commissions.
- Sec. 932. Powers of Commission.
- Sec. 933. Public meetings, information, and hearings.
- Sec. 934. Staff of Commission.
- Sec. 935. Compensation and travel expenses.
- Sec. 936. Security clearances for Commission members and staff.
- Sec. 937. Reporting requirements and termination.

# 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 The Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) NASA is and should remain a multimission
- 4 agency with a balanced and robust set of core mis-



1

sions in science, aeronautics, and human space

2	flight.
3	(2) The President's vision of returning humans
4	to the Moon and then venturing further into the
5	solar system on a step-by-step basis provides a sus-
6	tainable rationale for the United States human
7	space flight program.
8	(3) Maintaining the capability to safely send
9	humans into space is essential to maintaining
10	United States preeminence in human space flight.
11	Thus, a gap in United States human space flight ca-
12	pability is harmful to the national interest.
13	(4) The United States should honor its inter-
14	national commitments to the International Space
15	Station program.
16	(5) The United States must remain the leader
17	in aeronautics and aviation. Any erosion of this pre-
18	eminence is not in the Nation's economic or security
19	interests. Past Federal investments in aeronautics
20	research and development have benefited the econ-
21	omy and national security of the United States and
22	improved the quality of life of its citizens.
23	(6) Long-term progress in aeronautics and
24	space requires continued Federal investment in fun-

damental research, test facilities, and maintenance



1	of a skilled civil service workforce at NASA's Cen-
2	ters.
3	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
4	In this Act:
5	(1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
6	trator" means the Administrator of the National
7	Aeronautics and Space Administration.
8	(2) In-situ resource utilization.—The
9	term "in-situ resource utilization" means technology
10	or systems that can convert indigenous or locally-sit-
11	uated substances into useful materials and products.
12	(3) ISS.—The term "ISS" means the Inter-
13	national Space Station.
14	(4) NASA.—The term "NASA" means the Na-
15	tional Aeronautics and Space Administration.
16	TITLE I—AUTHORIZATION OF
17	APPROPRIATIONS
18	Subtitle A—Authorizations
19	SEC. 101. FISCAL YEAR 2006.
20	There are authorized to be appropriated to NASA for
21	fiscal year 2006 \$16,471,050,000, as follows:
22	(1) For Science, Aeronautics, Space and Flight
23	Support, and Education (including amounts for con-
24	struction of facilities), \$7,567,200,000 of which—



1	(A) \$5,954,200,000 shall be for Science, of
2	which—
3	(i) $$1,765,000,000$ shall be for Solar
4	System Exploration;
5	(ii) \$1,928,000,000 shall be for Uni-
6	verse of which—
7	(I) \$250,000,000 shall be for a
8	Hubble Space Telescope servicing mis-
9	sion;
10	(II) $\$521,600,000$ shall be for
11	the James Webb Space Telescope; and
12	(III) \$331,500,000 shall be for
13	Universe Research;
14	(iii) \$2,144,000,000 shall be for
15	Earth-Sun System of which—
16	(I) \$30,000,000 shall be to aug-
17	ment funding for the Glory mission;
18	(II) $$25,000,000$ shall be to aug-
19	ment funding for extension of oper-
20	ational spacecraft missions; and
21	(III) \$25,000,000 shall be to
22	augment funding for the Global Pre-
23	cipitation Mission; and
24	(iv) \$117,000,000 shall be for Micro-
25	gravity Sciences:



1	(B) \$1,057,000,000 shall be for Aero-
2	nautics;
3	(C) \$376,000,000 shall be for Space and
4	Flight Support; and
5	(D) \$180,000,000 shall be for Education
6	of which \$29,550,000 shall be for the National
7	Space Grant College and Fellowship Program.
8	(2) For Human Space Flight (including
9	amounts for construction of facilities)
10	\$8,873,000,000 of which—
11	(A) \$4,531,000,000 shall be for the Space
12	Shuttle;
13	(B) \$1,857,000,000 shall be for the Inter-
14	national Space Station; and
15	(C) \$2,485,000,000 shall be for Human
16	Exploration, including all robotic space missions
17	and technology development needed to enable
18	human exploration beyond the orbital altitude
19	of the International Space Station.
20	(3) For the Office of Inspector General
21	\$32,000,000.
22	SEC. 102. FISCAL YEAR 2007.
23	There are authorized to be appropriated to NASA for
24	fiscal year 2007 \$16,962,000,000, as follows:



1	(1) For Science, Aeronautics, Space and Flight
2	Support, and Education (including amounts for con-
3	struction of facilities), \$7,792,100,000, of which—
4	(A) \$6,146,700,000 shall be for Science, of
5	which—
6	(i) $$2,072,000,000$ shall be for Solar
7	System Exploration;
8	(ii) \$1,848,500,000 shall be for Uni-
9	verse of which—
10	(I) \$150,000,000 shall be for a
11	Hubble Space Telescope servicing mis-
12	sion;
13	(II) \$522,500,000 shall be for
14	the James Webb Space Telescope; and
15	(III) $$328,500,000$ shall be for
16	Universe Research;
17	(iii) \$2,106,000,000 shall be for
18	Earth-Sun System, of which \$25,000,000
19	shall be to augment funding for extension
20	of operational spacecraft missions; and
21	(iv) \$120,000,000 shall be for Micro-
22	gravity Sciences;
23	(B) \$1,089,000,000 shall be for Aero-
24	nauties;



1	(C) \$371,000,000 shall be for Space and
2	Flight Support; and
3	(D) \$185,000,000 shall be for Education,
4	of which \$32,000,000 shall be for the National
5	Space Grant College and Fellowship Program.
6	(2) For Human Space Flight (including
7	amounts for construction of facilities),
8	\$9,134,900,000, of which—
9	(A) \$4,172,000,000 shall be for the Space
10	Shuttle;
11	(B) $$1,835,000,000$ shall be for the Inter-
12	national Space Station; and
13	(C) \$3,127,900,000 shall be for Human
14	Exploration, including all robotic space missions
15	and technology development needed to enable
16	human exploration beyond the orbital altitude
17	of the International Space Station.
18	(3) For the Office of Inspector General,
19	\$34,000,000.
20	SEC. 103. FISCAL YEAR 2008.
21	There are authorized to be appropriated to NASA for
22	fiscal year 2008 \$17,306,000,000, as follows:
23	(1) For Science, Aeronautics, Space and Flight,
24	and Education (including amounts for construction
25	of facilities), \$8,259,400,000 of which—



1	(A) \$6,547,500,000 shall be for Science, of
2	which—
3	(i) \$2,461,000,000 shall be for Solar
4	System Exploration;
5	(ii) \$1,806,000,000 shall be for Uni-
6	verse of which—
7	(I) $$100,000,000$ shall be for a
8	Hubble Space Telescope servicing mis-
9	sion;
10	(II) \$478,600,000 shall be for
11	the James Webb Space Telescope; and
12	(III) \$325,800,000 shall be for
13	Universe Research;
14	(iii) \$2,157,000,000 shall be for
15	Earth-Sun System, of which \$25,000,000
16	shall be to augment funding for oper-
17	ational spacecraft missions; and
18	(iv) \$124,000,000 shall be for Micro-
19	gravity Sciences;
20	(B) \$1,121,000,000 shall be for Aero-
21	nautics;
22	(C) \$400,000,000 shall be for Space and
23	Flight Support; and



1	(D) \$191,000,000 shall be for Education
2	of which \$34,000,000 shall be for the National
3	Space Grant College and Fellowship Program.
4	(2) For Human Space Flight (including
5	amounts for construction of facilities)
6	\$9,011,500,000, of which—
7	(A) \$3,866,000,000 shall be for the Space
8	Shuttle;
9	(B) \$1,791,000,000 shall be for the Inter-
10	national Space Station; and
11	(C) \$3,354,500,000 shall be for Human
12	Exploration, including all robotic space missions
13	and technology development needed to enable
14	human exploration beyond the orbital altitude
15	of the International Space Station.
16	(3) For the Office of the Inspector General
17	\$35,000,000.
18	Subtitle B—General Provisions
19	SEC. 111. TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER PROGRAM.
20	Of each of the overall sums authorized to be appro-
21	priated by sections 101, 102, and 103, 1.09 percent shall
22	be reserved for innovative technology transfer partnerships
23	and other technology transfer initiatives undertaken by
24	NASA.



# 1 SEC. 112. PROPORTIONALITY.

- 2 If the total amount appropriated for NASA pursuant
- 3 to section 101, 102, or 103 is less than the amount au-
- 4 thorized under such section, the amounts authorized under
- 5 each of the accounts specified in such section shall be re-
- 6 duced proportionately.

# 7 SEC. 113. LIMITATIONS ON AUTHORITY.

- 8 Notwithstanding any other provision of this Act, no
- 9 amount appropriated pursuant to this Act may be used
- 10 for any program in excess of the amount actually author-
- 11 ized for the particular program by section 101, 102, or
- 12 103, unless a period of 30 days has passed after the re-
- 13 ceipt, by each such Committee, of notice given by the Ad-
- 14 ministrator containing a full and complete statement of
- 15 the action proposed to be taken and the facts and cir-
- 16 cumstances relied upon in support of such a proposed ac-
- 17 tion. NASA shall keep the Committee on Commerce,
- 18 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 19 mittee on Science of the House of Representatives fully
- 20 and currently informed with respect to all activities and
- 21 responsibilities within the jurisdiction of those Commit-
- 22 tees.

# 23 SEC. 114. NOTICE OF REPROGRAMMING.

- 24 If any funds authorized by this Act are subject to
- 25 a reprogramming action that requires notice to be pro-
- 26 vided to the Appropriations Committees of the House of



- 1 Representatives and the Senate, notice of such action shall
- 2 concurrently be provided to the Committee on Science of
- 3 the House of Representatives and the Committee on Com-
- 4 merce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate.

# 5 SEC. 115. STRUCTURE OF BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS.

- 6 Section 313 of the National Aeronautics and Space
- 7 Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2459f) is amended to read as fol-
- 8 lows:

# 9 "SEC. 313. BUDGETARY ACCOUNTS.

- 10 "Appropriations for NASA for fiscal year 2007 and
- 11 thereafter shall be made in three accounts, 'Science, Aero-
- 12 nautics, Space and Flight Support, and Education',
- 13 'Human Space Flight', and an account for amounts appro-
- 14 priated for the necessary expenses of the Office of the In-
- 15 spector General. Appropriations shall remain available for
- 16 two fiscal years. Each account shall include the planned
- 17 full costs of NASA's activities.".

## 18 SEC. 116. COST GROWTH AND COST OVERRUNS.

- 19 (a) Sense of Congress.—It is the sense of Con-
- 20 gress that cost overruns and cost growth within one of
- 21 the accounts specified in sections 101, 102, and 103
- 22 should be dealt with by means of adjustments within that
- 23 account to the maximum extent practicable, and pro-
- 24 tecting funds intended for fundamental and applied re-
- 25 search and analysis to the maximum extent practicable.



1	(b) Baselines and Cost Controls.—
2	(1) Conditions for Development.—
3	(A) IN GENERAL.—NASA shall not enter
4	into a contract for the development phase of a
5	major program unless the Administrator deter-
6	mines that—
7	(i) the technical, cost, and schedule
8	risks of the program are clearly identified
9	and the program has developed a plan to
10	manage those risks; and
11	(ii) the program complies with all rel-
12	evant policies, regulations, and directives
13	of NASA.
14	(B) Report.—The Administrator shall
15	transmit a report describing the basis for the
16	determination required under subparagraph (A)
17	to the Committee on Science of the House of
18	Representatives and the Committee on Com-
19	merce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
20	ate at least 30 days before entering into a con-
21	tract for development under a major program.
22	(C) Nondelegation.—The Administrator
23	may not delegate the determination requirement
24	under this paragraph.

(2) Major program annual reports.—



1	(A) REQUIREMENT.—Not later than Feb-
2	ruary 15 of each year following the date of en-
3	actment of this Act, the Administrator shall
4	transmit to the Committee on Science of the
5	House of Representatives and the Committee
6	on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
7	the Senate a report on each major program for
8	which the Administration proposes to expend
9	funds in the subsequent fiscal year. Reports
10	under this subparagraph shall be known as
11	Major Program Annual Reports.
12	(B) Baseline Report.—The first Major
13	Program Annual Report for each major pro-
14	gram shall include a Baseline Report that shall,
15	at a minimum, include—
16	(i) the purposes of the program and
17	key technical characteristics necessary to
18	fulfill those purposes;
19	(ii) an estimate of the life-cycle cost
20	for the program, with a detailed breakout
21	of the development cost and an estimate of
22	the annual costs until the development is
23	completed;
24	(iii) the schedule for the development,
25	including key program milestones; and



1	(iv) the name of the person respon-
2	sible for making notifications under para-
3	graph (3), who shall be an individual
4	whose primary responsibility is overseeing
5	the program.
6	(C) Information updates.—For major
7	programs with respect to which a Baseline Re-
8	port has been previously submitted, each subse-
9	quent Major Program Annual Report shall de-
10	scribe any changes to the information that had
11	been provided in the Baseline Report, and the
12	reasons for those changes.
13	(3) Notification.—
14	(A) Requirement.—The individual iden-
15	tified under paragraph (2)(B)(iv) shall imme-
16	diately notify the Administrator any time that
17	individual has reasonable cause to believe that,
18	for the major program for which he or she is
19	responsible—
20	(i) the development cost of the pro-
21	gram is likely to exceed the estimate pro-
22	vided in the Baseline Report of the pro-
23	gram by 15 percent or more; or
24	(ii) a milestone of the program is like-

ly to be delayed by 6 months or more from



	10
1	the date provided for it in the Baseline Re-
2	port of the program.
3	(B) Reasons.—Not later than 7 days
4	after the notification required under subpara-
5	graph (A), the individual identified under para-
6	graph (2)(B)(iv) shall transmit to the Adminis-
7	trator a written notification explaining the rea-
8	sons for the change in the cost or milestone of
9	the program for which notification was provided
10	under subparagraph (A).
11	(C) Notification of congress.—Not
12	later than 5 days after the Administrator re-
13	ceives a written notification under subpara-
14	graph (B), the Administrator shall transmit the
15	notification to the Committee on Science of the
16	House of Representatives and the Committee
17	on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of
18	the Senate.
19	(4) Fifteen percent threshold.—Not later
20	than 30 days after receiving a written notification
21	under paragraph (3)(B), the Administrator shall de-
22	termine whether the development cost of the pro-
23	gram is likely to exceed the estimate provided in the
24	Baseline Report of the program by 15 percent or

more, or whether a milestone is likely to be delayed



1	by 6 months or more. If the determination is affirm-
2	ative, the Administrator shall—
3	(A) transmit to the Committee on Science
4	of the House of Representatives and the Com-
5	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
6	tation of the Senate, not later than 14 days
7	after making the determination, a report that
8	includes—
9	(i) a description of the increase in
10	cost or delay in schedule and a detailed ex-
11	planation for the increase or delay;
12	(ii) a description of actions taken or
13	proposed to be taken in response to the
14	cost increase or delay; and
15	(iii) a description of any impacts the
16	cost increase or schedule delay will have or
17	any other program within the Administra-
18	tion; and
19	(B) if the Administrator intends to con-
20	tinue with the program, promptly initiate an
21	analysis of the program, which shall include, at
22	a minimum—
23	(i) the projected cost and schedule for
24	completing the program if current require-
25	ments of the program are not modified.



1	(ii) the projected cost and the sched-
2	ule for completing the program after insti-
3	tuting the actions described under sub-
4	paragraph (A)(ii); and
5	(iii) a description of, and the pro-
6	jected cost and schedule for, a broad range
7	of alternatives to the program.
8	The Administration shall complete an analysis initi-
9	ated under subparagraph (B) not later than 6
10	months after the Administrator makes a determina-
11	tion under this paragraph. The Administrator shall
12	transmit the analysis to the Committee on Science
13	of the House of Representatives and Committee on
14	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
15	ate not later than 30 days after its completion.
16	(5) Definitions.—For the purposes of this
17	subsection—
18	(A) the term "development" means the
19	phase of a program following the formulation
20	phase and beginning with the approval to pro-
21	ceed to implementation, as defined in the Ad-
22	ministration's Procedural Requirements
23	7120.5c, dated March 22, 2005;
24	(B) the term "development cost" means
25	the total of all costs, including construction of



1	facilities and civil servant costs, from the period
2	beginning with the approval to proceed to im-
3	plementation through the achievement of oper-
4	ational readiness, without regard to funding
5	source or management control, for the life of
6	the program;
7	(C) the term "life-cycle cost" means the
8	total of the direct, indirect, recurring, and non-
9	recurring costs, including the construction of
10	facilities and civil servant costs, and other re-
11	lated expenses incurred or estimated to be in-
12	curred in the design, development, verification,
13	production, operation, maintenance, support,
14	and retirement of a program over its planned
15	lifespan, without regard to funding source or
16	management control; and
17	(D) the term "major program" means an
18	activity approved to proceed to implementation
19	that has an estimated life-cycle cost of more
20	than \$100,000,000.
21	SEC. 117. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR BUDGET REQUEST.
22	It is the sense of the Congress that each budget of
23	the United States submitted to the Congress after the date
24	of enactment of this Act should be evaluated for compli-



1	ance with the findings and priorities established by this
2	Act and the amendments made by this Act.
3	SEC. 118. OFFICIAL REPRESENTATIONAL FUND.
4	Amounts appropriated pursuant to paragraphs (1)
5	and (2) of section 101 may be used, but not to exceed
6	a total of \$70,000, for official reception and representa-
7	tion expenses.
8	SEC. 119. SAFETY MANAGEMENT.
9	Section 6 of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
10	ministration Authorization Act, 1968 (42 U.S.C. 2477) is
11	amended—
12	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
13	"There is hereby";
14	(2) by striking "plans referred to it" and in-
15	serting "plans referred to it, including evaluating the
16	National Aeronautics and Space Administration's
17	compliance with the return-to-flight and continue-to-
18	fly recommendations of the Columbia Accident In-
19	vestigation Board,";
20	(3) by inserting "and the Congress" after "ad-
21	vise the Administrator";
22	(4) by striking "and with respect to the ade-
23	quacy of proposed or existing safety standards and
24	shall" and inserting ", with respect to the adequacy

of proposed or existing safety standards, and with



1	respect to management and culture. The Panel shall
2	also"; and
3	(5) by adding at the end the following:
4	"(b) Annual Report.—The Panel shall submit an
5	annual report to the Administrator and to the Congress.
6	In the first annual report submitted after the date of en-
7	actment of the National Aeronautics and Space Adminis-
8	tration Authorization Act of 2005, the Panel shall include
9	an evaluation of NASA's safety management culture.
10	"(c) Sense of the Congress.—It is the sense of
11	the Congress that the Administrator should—
12	"(1) ensure that NASA employees can raise
13	safety concerns without fear of reprisal;
14	"(2) continue to follow the recommendations of
15	the Columbia Accident Investigation Board for safe-
16	ly returning to flight and continuing to fly the Space
17	Shuttle; and
18	"(3) continue to inform the Congress from time
19	to time of NASA's progress in meeting those rec-
20	ommendations.".
21	SEC. 120. LESSONS LEARNED AND BEST PRACTICES.
22	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall provide
23	an implementation plan describing NASA's approach for
24	obtaining, implementing, and sharing lessons learned and

25 best practices for its major programs and projects not



1	later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
2	Act. The implementation plan shall be updated and main-
3	tained to ensure that it is current and consistent with the
4	burgeoning culture of learning and safety that is emerging
5	at NASA.
6	(b) REQUIRED CONTENT.—The implementation plan
7	shall contain at a minimum the lessons learned and best
8	practices requirements for NASA, the organizations or po-
9	sitions responsible for enforcement of the requirements,
10	the reporting structure, and the objective performance
11	measures indicating the effectiveness of the activity.
12	(c) Incentives.—The Administrator shall provide
13	incentives to encourage sharing and implementation of les-
14	sons learned and best practices by employees, projects,
15	and programs, as well as penalties for programs and
16	projects that are determined not to have demonstrated use
17	of those resources.
18	TITLE II—SCIENCE
19	Subtitle A—General Provisions
20	SEC. 201. PRIORITIZATION OF SCIENCE PROJECTS AND AC-
21	TIVITIES.
22	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall—
23	(1) conduct a rich and vigorous set of science
24	activities aimed at better comprehension of the uni-

verse, solar system, and Earth, as well as improving



1	our understanding of the fundamental physical and
2	biological sciences;
3	(2) ensure that the various areas within
4	NASA's science portfolio are developed and main-
5	tained in a balanced and healthy manner; and
6	(3) determine priorities for each discipline in
7	the Science account through consultation with the
8	National Academies and based on the results of
9	studies performed by the National Academies, which,
10	at a minimum, shall set forth priorities within each
11	discipline for the subsequent decade.
12	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
13	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
14	to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
15	tation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the
16	House of Representatives a report detailing—
17	(1) the findings and actions taken on NASA's
18	assessment of the balance within its science portfolio
19	and any efforts to adjust that balance among the
20	major program areas; and
21	(2) the priorities determined for each discipline.
22	SEC. 202. PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS.
23	(a) In General.—Performance of each discipline in
24	the Science account of NASA shall be reviewed and as-

25 sessed by the National Academies at 5-year intervals.



1	(b) REPORTS.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, and every 5 years thereafter,
3	the Administrator shall transmit a report to the Com-
4	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
5	Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of
6	Representatives—
7	(1) setting forth in detail the results of the ex-
8	ternal review under subsection (a);
9	(2) setting forth in detail actions taken by
10	NASA in response to that external review; and
11	(3) including a summary of findings and rec-
12	ommendations from any other external reviews of
13	NASA's science mission priorities and programs.
14	SEC. 203. STATUS REPORT ON HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li></ul>	SEC. 203. STATUS REPORT ON HUBBLE SPACE TELESCOPE SERVICING MISSION.
15	SERVICING MISSION.
15 16 17	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space
15 16 17	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has pro-
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15 16 17 18 19	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has provided, and should continue to provide, with answers to profound scientific questions. In accordance with the rec-
15 16 17 18 19 20	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has provided, and should continue to provide, with answers to profound scientific questions. In accordance with the recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences, all
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has provided, and should continue to provide, with answers to profound scientific questions. In accordance with the recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences, all appropriate efforts should be expended to complete the
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SERVICING MISSION.  It is the sense of the Congress that the Hubble Space Telescope is an extraordinary instrument that has provided, and should continue to provide, with answers to profound scientific questions. In accordance with the recommendations of the National Academy of Sciences, all appropriate efforts should be expended to complete the Space Shuttle servicing mission. Upon successful comple-



- 1 such a mission would compromise astronaut safety. Not
- 2 later than 60 days after the landing of the second Space
- 3 Shuttle mission for return-to-flight certification, the Ad-
- 4 ministrator shall transmit to the Committee on Commerce,
- 5 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 6 mittee on Science of the House of Representatives a status
- 7 report on plans for a Hubble Space Telescope servicing
- 8 mission.

# 9 SEC. 204. FUTURE OF THE DEEP SPACE NETWORK.

- 10 (a) In General.—In view of the importance of the
- 11 Deep Space Network to the successful conduct of inter-
- 12 planetary spacecraft missions, the Administrator shall en-
- 13 sure that the capabilities of the Deep Space Network are
- 14 maintained and upgraded as appropriate.
- 15 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 16 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
- 17 a report to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
- 18 Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on
- 19 Science of the House of Representatives that contains the
- 20 following:
- 21 (1) Projected Deep Space Network require-
- ments for the next decade, including those in sup-
- port of human space exploration missions.
- 24 (2) Upgrades needed to support the require-
- 25 ments identified in subsection (a).



1	(3) Cost estimates for the maintenance of exist-
2	ing Deep Space Network capabilities.
3	(4) Cost estimates and schedules for the up-
4	grades described in subsection (a).
5	SEC. 205. EARTH OBSERVING SYSTEM.
6	(a) In General.—Not later than 6 months after the
7	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator, in con-
8	sultation with the Administrator of the National Oceanic
9	and Atmospheric Administration and the Director of the
10	United States Geological Survey, shall submit a plan to
11	the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation
12	of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House
13	of Representatives to ensure the long-term vitality of the
14	Earth observing system at NASA.
15	(b) Plan Requirements.—The plan shall—
16	(1) address such issues as—
17	(A) out-year budgetary projections;
18	(B) technical requirements for the system
19	and
20	(C) integration into the Global Earth Ob-
21	serving System of Systems; and
22	(2) evaluate—
23	(A) the need to proceed with any NASA
24	missions that have been delayed or canceled;



1	(B) plans for transferring needed capabili-
2	ties from some canceled or descoped missions to
3	the National Polar-Orbiting Environmental Sat-
4	ellite System;
5	(C) the technical base for exploratory
6	Earth observing systems, including new satellite
7	architectures and instruments that enable glob-
8	al coverage, all-weather, day and night imaging
9	of the Earth's surface features;
10	(D) the need to strengthen research and
11	analysis programs; and
12	(E) the need to strengthen the approach to
13	obtaining important climate observations and
14	data records.
15	(e) Earth Observing System Defined.—In this
16	section, the term "Earth observing system" means the se-
17	ries of satellites, a science component, and a data system
18	for long-term global observations of the land surface, bio-
19	sphere, solid Earth, atmosphere, and oceans.
20	SEC. 206. INDEPENDENT ASSESSMENT OF LANDSAT-
21	NPOESS INTEGRATED MISSION.
22	(a) Assessment.—In view of the importance of en-
23	suring continuity of Landsat data and in view of the chal-
24	lenges facing the National Polar-Orbiting Environmental
25	Satellite System program, the Administrator shall seek an



- 1 independent assessment of the costs as well as the tech-
- 2 nical, cost, and schedule risks associated with incor-
- 3 porating the Landsat instrument on the first National
- 4 Polar-Orbiting Environmental Satellite System spacecraft
- 5 versus undertaking a dedicated Landsat data "gap-filler"
- 6 mission followed by the incorporation of the Landsat in-
- 7 strument on the second National Polar-Orbiting Environ-
- 8 mental Satellite System spacecraft. The assessment shall
- 9 also include an evaluation of the budgetary requirements
- 10 of each of the options under consideration.
- 11 (b) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit the
- 12 independent assessment to the Committee on Commerce,
- 13 Science, and Technology of the Senate and the Committee
- 14 on Science of the House of Representatives not later than
- 15 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 SEC. 207. ASSESSMENT OF SCIENCE MISSION EXTENSIONS.
- 17 (a) Assessment.—The Administrator shall carry out
- 18 annual termination reviews within each of the Science dis-
- 19 ciplines to assess the cost and benefits of extending the
- 20 date of the termination of data collection for those mis-
- 21 sions which are beyond their primary goals. In addition:
- 22 (1) Not later than 60 days after the date of en-
- actment of this Act, the Administrator shall carry
- out such an assessment for the following missions:



1	FAST, TIMED, Cluster, Wind, Geotail, Polar,
2	TRACE, Ulysses, and Voyager.
3	(2) For those missions that have an operational
4	component, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
5	Administration shall be consulted and the potential
6	benefits of instruments on missions which are be-
7	yond their primary goals taken into account.
8	(b) Report.—Not later than 30 days after com-
9	pleting the assessments required by subsection (a)(1), the
10	Administrator shall transmit a report on the assessment
11	to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
12	tation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the
13	House of Representatives.
14	SEC. 208. MICROGRAVITY RESEARCH.
15	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall—
16	(1) not later than 60 days after the date of en-
17	actment of this Act, provide to the Committee on
18	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Sen-
19	ate and the Committee on Science of the House of
20	Representatives an assessment of microgravity re-
21	search, including biomedical and life science re-
22	search, planned for implementation aboard the ISS
23	that includes the identification of research which can
24	be performed in ground-based facilities and then



validated in space;

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1	(2) ensure the capacity to support ground-based
2	research leading to space-based basic and applied
3	scientific research in a variety of disciplines with po-
4	tential direct national benefits and applications that
5	can advance significantly from the uniqueness of
6	microgravity and the space environment;
7	(3) restore and protect potential basic, applied,
8	and commercial ISS research activities such as mo-
9	lecular crystal growth, animal research, basic fluid
10	physics, combustion research, cellular biotechnology,
11	low temperature physics, and cellular research at a
12	level which will sustain the existing scientific exper-
13	tise and research capabilities;
14	(4) establish prioritization and research mani-
15	festing processes by which ISS resources will be allo-
16	cated to maintain a balanced research portfolio
17	wherein fundamental and commercial research that
18	do not directly support NASA's human exploration
19	program is afforded a minimum of 25 percent of
20	ISS research resources; and
21	(5) not later than 1 year after the date of en-
22	actment of this Act, develop a research plan that will
23	demonstrate the process by which NASA will evolve
24	the ISS research portfolio in a manner consistent

with the planned growth and evolution of ISS on-



1	orbit capabilities and transportation capabilities to
2	and from the ISS.
3	(b) Maintenance of on-Orbit Analytical Capa-
4	BILITIES.—The Administrator shall ensure that on-orbit
5	analytical capabilities to support diagnostic human re-
6	search, as well as on-orbit characterization of molecular
7	crystal growth, cellular research, and other research prod-
8	ucts and results are developed and maintained, as an al-
9	ternative to Earth-based analysis requiring the capability
10	of returning research products to Earth.
11	(c) Assessment of Potential Scientific
12	Uses.—The Administrator shall assess further potential
13	scientific uses of the ISS for other applications, such as
14	technology development, development of manufacturing
15	processes, Earth observation and characterization, and as-
16	tronomical observations.
17	Subtitle B—Remote Sensing
18	SEC. 211. DEFINITIONS.
19	In this subtitle—
20	(1) the term "geospatial information" means
21	knowledge of the nature and distribution of physical
22	and cultural features on the landscape based on
23	analysis of data from airborne or spaceborne plat-
24	forms or other types and sources of data:



1	(2) the term "high resolution" means resolution
2	better than five meters; and
3	(3) the term "institution of higher education"
4	has the meaning given that term in section 101(a)
5	of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
6	1001(a)).
7	SEC. 212. PILOT PROJECTS TO ENCOURAGE PUBLIC SEC-
8	TOR APPLICATIONS.
9	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall establish
10	a program of grants for competitively awarded pilot
11	projects to explore the integrated use of sources of remote
12	sensing and other geospatial information to address State,
13	local, regional, and tribal agency needs.
14	(b) Preferred Projects.—In awarding grants
15	under this section, the Administrator shall give preference
16	to projects that—
17	(1) make use of commercial data sets, including
18	high resolution commercial satellite imagery and de-
19	rived satellite data products, existing public data
20	sets where commercial data sets are not available or
21	applicable, or the fusion of such data sets;
22	(2) integrate multiple sources of geospatial in-
23	formation, such as geographic information system
24	data, satellite-provided positioning data, and re-
25	motely sensed data, in innovative ways;



1	(3) include funds or in-kind contributions from
2	non-Federal sources;
3	(4) involve the participation of commercial enti-
4	ties that process raw or lightly processed data, often
5	merging that data with other geospatial information,
6	to create data products that have significant value
7	added to the original data; and
8	(5) taken together demonstrate as diverse a set
9	of public sector applications as possible.
10	(c) Opportunities.—In carrying out this section,
11	the Administrator shall seek opportunities to assist—
12	(1) in the development of commercial applica-
13	tions potentially available from the remote sensing
14	industry; and
15	(2) State, local, regional, and tribal agencies in
16	applying remote sensing and other geospatial infor-
17	mation technologies for growth management.
18	(d) Duration.—Assistance for a pilot project under
19	subsection (a) shall be provided for a period not to exceed
20	3 years.
21	(e) Report.—Each recipient of a grant under sub-
22	section (a) shall transmit a report to the Administrator
23	on the results of the pilot project within 180 days of the
24	completion of that project.



- 1 (f) Workshop.—Each recipient of a grant under
- 2 subsection (a) shall, not later than 180 days after the com-
- 3 pletion of the pilot project, conduct at least one workshop
- 4 for potential users to disseminate the lessons learned from
- 5 the pilot project as widely as feasible.
- 6 (g) Regulations.—The Administrator shall issue
- 7 regulations establishing application, selection, and imple-
- 8 mentation procedures for pilot projects, and guidelines for
- 9 reports and workshops required by this section.

# 10 SEC. 213. PROGRAM EVALUATION.

- 11 (a) Advisory Committee.—The Administrator
- 12 shall establish an advisory committee, consisting of indi-
- 13 viduals with appropriate expertise in State, local, regional,
- 14 and tribal agencies, the university research community,
- 15 and the remote sensing and other geospatial information
- 16 industry, to monitor the program established under sec-
- 17 tion 212. The advisory committee shall consult with the
- 18 Federal Geographic Data Committee and other appro-
- 19 priate industry representatives and organizations. Not-
- 20 withstanding section 14 of the Federal Advisory Com-
- 21 mittee Act, the advisory committee established under this
- 22 subsection shall remain in effect until the termination of
- 23 the program under section 212.
- 24 (b) Effectiveness Evaluation.—Not later than
- 25 December 31, 2009, the Administrator shall transmit to



- 1 the Congress an evaluation of the effectiveness of the pro-
- 2 gram established under section 212 in exploring and pro-
- 3 moting the integrated use of sources of remote sensing
- 4 and other geospatial information to address State, local,
- 5 regional, and tribal agency needs. Such evaluation shall
- 6 have been conducted by an independent entity.

### 7 SEC. 214. DATA AVAILABILITY.

- 8 The Administrator shall ensure that the results of
- 9 each of the pilot projects completed under section 212
- 10 shall be retrievable through an electronic, Internet-acces-
- 11 sible database.
- 12 SEC. 215. EDUCATION.
- The Administrator shall establish an educational out-
- 14 reach program to increase awareness at institutions of
- 15 higher education and State, local, regional, and tribal
- 16 agencies of the potential applications of remote sensing
- 17 and other geospatial information.

# 18 Subtitle C—George E. Brown, Jr.

## 19 Near-Earth Object Survey

- 20 sec. 221. george e. brown, jr. near-earth object
- 21 SURVEY.
- 22 (a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
- 23 "George E. Brown, Jr. Near-Earth Object Survey Act".
- (b) FINDINGS.—The Congress makes the following
- 25 findings:



1	(1) Near-Earth objects pose a serious and cred-
2	ible threat to humankind, as many scientists believe
3	that a major asteroid or comet was responsible for
4	the mass extinction of the majority of the Earth's
5	species, including the dinosaurs, nearly 65,000,000
6	years ago.
7	(2) Similar objects have struck the Earth or
8	passed through the Earth's atmosphere several times
9	in the Earth's history and pose a similar threat in
10	the future.
11	(3) Several such near-Earth objects have only
12	been discovered within days of the objects' closest
13	approach to Earth, and recent discoveries of such
14	large objects indicate that many large near-Earth
15	objects remain undiscovered.
16	(4) The efforts taken to date by NASA for de-
17	tecting and characterizing the hazards of near-Earth
18	objects are not sufficient to fully determine the
19	threat posed by such objects to cause widespread de-
20	struction and loss of life.
21	(c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section the
22	term "near-Earth object" means an asteroid or comet with
23	a perihelion distance of less that 1.3 Astronomical Units
24	from the Sun.



1	(1) Survey Program.—The Administrator
2	shall plan, develop, and implement a Near-Earth
3	Object Survey program to detect, track, catalogue
4	and characterize the physical characteristics of near-
5	Earth objects equal to or greater than 100 meters
6	in diameter in order to assess the threat of such
7	near-Earth objects to the Earth. It shall be the goal
8	of the Survey program to achieve 90 percent comple-
9	tion of its near-Earth object catalogue (based on sta-
10	tistically predicted populations of near-Earth ob-
11	jects) within 15 years after the date of enactment of
12	this Act.
13	(2) Amendments.—Section 102 of the Na-
14	tional Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42
15	U.S.C. 2451) is amended—
16	(A) by redesignating subsection (g) as sub-
17	section (h);
18	(B) by inserting after subsection (f) the
19	following new subsection:
20	"(g) The Congress declares that the general welfare
21	and security of the United States require that the unique
22	competence of the National Aeronautics and Space Ad-
23	ministration be directed to detecting, tracking, cata-
24	loguing, and characterizing near-Earth asteroids and com-
25	ets in order to provide warning and mitigation of the no-



1	tential hazard of such near-Earth objects to the Earth.";
2	and
3	(C) in subsection (h), as so redesignated
4	by subparagraph (A) of this paragraph, by
5	striking "and (f)" and inserting "(f), and (g)".
6	(3) Annual Report.—The Administrator shall
7	transmit to the Congress, not later than February
8	28 of each of the next 5 years beginning after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, a report that provides
10	the following:
11	(A) A summary of all activities taken pur-
12	suant to paragraph (1) for the previous fiscal
13	year.
14	(B) A summary of expenditures for all ac-
15	tivities pursuant to paragraph (1) for the pre-
16	vious fiscal year.
17	(4) Initial Report.—The Administrator shall
18	transmit to Congress not later than 1 year after the
19	date of enactment of this Act an initial report that
20	provides the following:
21	(A) An analysis of possible alternatives
22	that the the Administration may employ to
23	carry out the Survey program, including
24	ground-based and space-based alternatives with
25	technical descriptions.



	11
1	(B) A recommended option and proposed
2	budget to carry out the Survey program pursu-
3	ant to the recommended option.
4	(C) An analysis of possible alternatives
5	that the Administration could employ to divert
6	an object on a likely collision course with Earth.
7	TITLE III—AERONAUTICS
8	SEC. 301. DEFINITION.
9	For purposes of this title, the term "institution of
10	higher education" has the meaning given that term by sec-
11	tion 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C.
12	1001).
13	Subtitle A-National Policy for
14	Aeronautics Research and De-
15	velopment
16	SEC. 311. POLICY.
17	It shall be the policy of the United States to reaffirm
18	the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 and its
19	identification of aeronautical research and development as
20	a core mission of NASA. Further, it shall be the policy
21	of the United States to promote aeronautical research and
22	development that will expand the capacity, ensure the
23	safety, and increase the efficiency of the Nation's air

24 transportation system, promote the security of the Nation,



1	protect the environment, and retain the leadership of the
2	United States in global aviation.
3	Subtitle B—NASA Aeronautics
4	<b>Breakthrough Research Initiatives</b>
5	SEC. 321. ENVIRONMENTAL AIRCRAFT RESEARCH AND DE-
6	VELOPMENT INITIATIVE.
7	(a) Objective.—The Administrator shall establish
8	an initiative with the objective of developing, and dem-
9	onstrating in a relevant environment, within 10 years after
10	the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable
11	the following commercial aircraft performance characteris-
12	ties:
13	(1) Noise.—Noise levels on takeoff and on air-
14	port approach and landing that do not exceed ambi-
15	ent noise levels in the absence of flight operations in
16	the vicinity of airports from which such commercial
17	aircraft would normally operate.
18	(2) Energy consumption.—Twenty-five per-
19	cent reduction in the energy required for medium to
20	long range flights, compared to aircraft in commer-
21	cial service as of the date of enactment of this Act.
22	This reduction may be achieved by a combination of
23	improvements to—
24	(A) specific fuel consumption;
25	(B) lift-to-drag ratio; and



1	(C) structural weight fraction.
2	(3) Emissions.—Nitrogen oxides on take-off
3	and landing that are reduced by 50 percent relative
4	to aircraft in commercial service as of the date of
5	enactment of this Act.
6	(b) Implementation.—Not later than 270 days
7	after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
8	shall provide to Congress a plan for the implementation
9	of the initiative described in subsection (a). Such imple-
10	mentation plan shall include—
11	(1) technological roadmaps for achieving each
12	of the performance characteristics specified in sub-
13	section (a);
14	(2) an estimate of the 10-year funding profile
15	required to achieve the objective specified in sub-
16	section (a);
17	(3) a plan for carrying out a formal quantifica-
18	tion of the estimated costs and benefits of each tech-
19	nological option selected for development beyond the
20	initial concept definition phase; and
21	(4) a plan for transferring the technologies to
22	industry, including the identification of requirements
23	for technology demonstrations, as appropriate.



24

(c) Study.—

1	(1) Requirement.—The Administrator shall
2	enter into an arrangement for the National Research
3	Council to conduct a study to identify and quantify
4	new markets that would be created, as well as exist-
5	ing markets that would be expanded, by the incorpo-
6	ration of the technologies developed pursuant to this
7	section into future commercial aircraft. The study
8	shall identify whether any of the performance char-
9	acteristics specified in subsection (a) would need to
10	be made more stringent in order to create new mar-
11	kets or expand existing markets. The National Re-
12	search Council shall seek input from at least the air-
13	craft manufacturing industry, academia, and the air-
14	lines in carrying out the study.
15	(2) Report.—A report containing the results
16	of the study conducted under paragraph (1) shall be
17	provided to Congress not later than 18 months after
18	the date of enactment of this Act.
19	SEC. 322. CIVIL SUPERSONIC TRANSPORT RESEARCH AND
20	DEVELOPMENT INITIATIVE.
21	(a) Objective.—The Administrator shall establish
22	an initiative with the objective of developing, and dem-
23	onstrating in a relevant environment, within 20 years after

24 the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable



overland flight of supersonic civil transport aircraft with 2 at least the following performance characteristics: 3 (1) Mach number of at least 1.4. 4 (2) Range of at least 4,000 nautical miles. 5 (3) Payload of at least 24 passengers. 6 (4) Noise levels on takeoff and on airport ap-7 proach and landing that meet community noise 8 standards in place at airports from which such com-9 mercial supersonic aircraft would normally operate 10 at the time the aircraft would enter commercial serv-11 ice. 12 (5) Shaped sonic boom signatures sufficiently 13 low to permit overland flight over populated areas. 14 (6) Nitrogen oxide, carbon dioxide, and water 15 vapor emissions consistent with regulations likely to 16 be in effect at the time of this aircraft's introduc-17 tion. 18 (b) Implementation.—Not later than 270 days 19 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator 20 shall provide to Congress a plan for the implementation 21 of the initiative described in subsection (a). Such imple-22 mentation plan shall include— 23 (1) technological roadmaps for achieving each 24 of the performance characteristics specified in sub-



25

section (a);

1	(2) an estimate of the 10-year funding profile
2	required to achieve the objective specified in sub-
3	section (a);
4	(3) a plan for carrying out a formal quantifica-
5	tion of the estimated costs and benefits of each tech-
6	nological option selected for development beyond the
7	initial concept definition phase;
8	(4) a plan for transferring the technologies to
9	industry, including the identification of requirements
10	for technology demonstrations, as appropriate;
11	(5) a plan for research to quantify, within 3
12	years after the date of enactment of this Act, the
13	limits on sonic boom parameters, such as over-
14	pressure and rise time, that would be acceptable to
15	the general public; and
16	(6) a plan for adjusting the noise reduction re-
17	search and development activities as needed to ac-
18	commodate changes in community noise standards
	commodate changes in community noise standards that may occur over the lifetime of the initiative.
<ul><li>18</li><li>19</li><li>20</li></ul>	· ·
19 20	that may occur over the lifetime of the initiative.
19	that may occur over the lifetime of the initiative.  SEC. 323. ROTORCRAFT AND OTHER RUNWAY-INDE-
19 20 21	that may occur over the lifetime of the initiative.  SEC. 323. ROTORCRAFT AND OTHER RUNWAY-INDE- PENDENT AIR VEHICLES RESEARCH AND DE-

25 tiative with the objective of developing and demonstrating



in a relevant environment, within 10 years after the date of enactment of this Act, technologies to enable signifi-3 cantly safer, quieter, and more environmentally compatible 4 operation from a wider range of airports under a wider 5 range of weather conditions than is the case for rotorcraft and other runway-independent air vehicles in service as 6 7 of the date of enactment of this Act. 8 (b) IMPLEMENTATION.—Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator 10 shall provide a plan to the Congress for the implementation of the initiative described in subsection (a). The im-11 plementation plan shall include— 12 13 (1) a set of performance characteristics, devel-14 oped in consultation with the National Research 15 Council, that shall quantify the objectives specified 16 in subsection (a); 17 (2) technological roadmaps for achieving each 18 of the performance characteristics developed under 19 paragraph (1); 20 (3) an estimate of the 10-year funding profile 21 required to achieve the objective specified in sub-22 section (a); 23 (4) a plan for carrying out a formal quantifica-

tion of the estimated costs and benefits of each tech-



1	nological option selected for development beyond the
2	initial concept definition phase; and
3	(5) a plan for transferring the technologies to
4	industry, including the identification of requirements
5	for technology demonstrations, as appropriate.
6	SEC. 324. REVIEW.
7	The Administrator shall enter into an arrangement
8	with the National Research Council for the review, within
9	18 months after the date of enactment of this Act, of the
10	adequacy of the implementation plans provided under sec-
11	tions 321(b), 322(b), and 323(b) to achieve the objectives
12	described in sections 321(a), 322(a), and 323(a). In addi-
13	tion, the Administrator shall enter into an arrangement
14	with the National Research Council for the review, every
15	3 years subsequent to the initial review under this section,
16	of NASA's progress in achieving the objectives described
17	in sections 321(a), 322(a), and 323(a), including rec-
18	ommendations for changes to NASA's research and devel-
19	opment program as needed, as well as recommendations
20	for changes to the desired performance characteristics as
21	needed. The results of each review shall be provided to

22 Congress within 30 days after completion of the review.



## 1 Subtitle C—Other NASA Aero-

## 2 nautics Research and Develop-

## 3 ment Activities

- 4 SEC. 331. FUNDAMENTAL RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY
- 5 BASE PROGRAM.
- 6 (a) Objective.—In order to ensure that the Nation
- 7 maintains needed capabilities in fundamental areas of
- 8 aeronautical research, the Administrator shall establish a
- 9 program of long-term fundamental research in aero-
- 10 nautical sciences and technologies that is not tied to spe-
- 11 cific development projects.
- 12 (b) Assessment.—The Administrator shall enter
- 13 into an arrangement with the National Research Council
- 14 for an assessment of the Nation's future requirements for
- 15 fundamental aeronautics research and whether the Nation
- 16 will have a skilled research workforce and research facili-
- 17 ties commensurate with those requirements. The assess-
- 18 ment shall include an identification of any projected gaps,
- 19 and recommendations for what steps should be taken by
- 20 the Federal Government to eliminate those gaps.
- 21 (c) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit the
- 22 assessment, along with NASA's response to the assess-
- 23 ment, to Congress not later than 2 years after the date
- 24 of enactment of this Act.



### 1 SEC. 332. AIRSPACE SYSTEMS RESEARCH.

- 2 (a) Objective.—The Airspace Systems Research
- 3 program shall pursue research and development to enable
- 4 revolutionary improvements to and modernization of the
- 5 National Airspace System, as well as to enable the intro-
- 6 duction of new systems for vehicles that can take advan-
- 7 tage of an improved, modern air transportation system.
- 8 (b) ALIGNMENT.—Not later than 2 years after the
- 9 date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall
- 10 align the projects of the Airspace Systems Research pro-
- 11 gram so that they directly support the objectives of the
- 12 Joint Planning and Development Office's Next Generation
- 13 Air Transportation System Integrated Plan.

#### 14 SEC. 333. AVIATION SAFETY AND SECURITY RESEARCH.

- 15 (a) Objective.—The Aviation Safety and Security
- 16 Research program shall pursue research and development
- 17 activities that directly address the safety and security
- 18 needs of the National Airspace System and the aircraft
- 19 that fly in it. The program shall develop prevention, inter-
- 20 vention, and mitigation technologies aimed at causal, con-
- 21 tributory, or circumstantial factors of aviation accidents.
- 22 (b) Plan.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
- 23 enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
- 24 to Congress a 5-year prioritized plan for the research to
- 25 be conducted within the Aviation Safety and Security Re-
- 26 search program. The plan shall be aligned with the objec-



- 1 tives of the Joint Planning and Development Office's Next
- 2 Generation Air Transportation System Integrated Plan.
- 3 SEC. 334. ZERO-EMISSIONS AIRCRAFT RESEARCH.
- 4 (a) Objective.—The Administrator shall establish a
- 5 zero-emissions aircraft research program whose objective
- 6 shall be to develop and test concepts to enable a hydrogen
- 7 fuel cell-powered aircraft that would have no hydrocarbon
- 8 or nitrogen oxide emissions into the environment.
- 9 (b) Approach.—The Administrator shall establish a
- 10 program of competitively awarded grants available to
- 11 teams of researchers that may include the participation
- 12 of individuals from universities, industry, and government
- 13 for the conduct of this research.
- 14 SEC. 335. MARS AIRCRAFT RESEARCH.
- 15 (a) Objective.—The Administrator shall establish a
- 16 Mars Aircraft project whose objective shall be to develop
- 17 and test concepts for an uncrewed aircraft that could oper-
- 18 ate for sustained periods in the atmosphere of Mars.
- 19 (b) APPROACH.—The Administrator shall establish a
- 20 program of competitively awarded grants available to
- 21 teams of researchers that may include the participation
- 22 of individuals from universities, industry, and government
- 23 for the conduct of this research.



## 1 SEC. 336. HYPERSONICS RESEARCH.

- 2 (a) Objective.—The Administrator shall establish a
- 3 hypersonics research program whose objective shall be to
- 4 explore the science and technology of hypersonic flight
- 5 using air-breathing propulsion concepts, through a mix of
- 6 theoretical work, basic and applied research, and develop-
- 7 ment of flight research demonstration vehicles.
- 8 (b) Plan.—Not later than 1 year after the date of
- 9 enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall develop a
- 10 10-year hypersonics research plan and shall have that plan
- 11 reviewed by the National Research Council. The results
- 12 of that review shall be provided to Congress.

## 13 SEC. 337. NASA AERONAUTICS SCHOLARSHIPS.

- 14 (a) Establishment.—The Administrator shall es-
- 15 tablish a program of scholarships for full-time graduate
- 16 students who are United States citizens and are enrolled
- 17 in, or have been accepted by and have indicated their in-
- 18 tention to enroll in, accredited Masters degree programs
- 19 in aeronautical engineering at institutions of higher edu-
- 20 cation. Each such scholarship shall cover the costs of
- 21 room, board, tuition, and fees, and may be provided for
- 22 a maximum of 2 years.
- 23 (b) Implementation.—Not later than 180 days
- 24 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
- 25 shall publish regulations governing the scholarship pro-
- 26 gram under this section.



1	(c) Cooperative Training Opportunities.—Stu-
2	dents who have been awarded a scholarship under this sec-
3	tion shall have the opportunity for paid employment at
4	one of the NASA Centers engaged in aeronautics research
5	and development during the summer prior to the first year
6	of the student's Masters program, and between the first
7	and second year, if applicable.
8	SEC. 338. AVIATION WEATHER RESEARCH.
9	The Administrator shall carry out a program of col-
10	laborative research with the National Oceanic and Atmos-
11	pheric Administration on convective weather events, with
12	the goal of significantly improving the reliability of 2-hour
13	to 6-hour aviation weather forecasts.
14	SEC. 339. ASSESSMENT OF WAKE TURBULENCE RESEARCH
15	AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM.
16	(a) Assessment.—The Administrator shall enter
17	into an arrangement with the National Research Council
18	for an assessment of Federal wake turbulence research
19	and development programs. The assessment shall address
20	at least the following questions:
21	(1) Are the Federal research and development
22	goals and objectives well defined?
23	(2) Are there any deficiencies in the Federal re-

search and development goals and objectives?



1	(3) What roles should be played by each of the
2	relevant Federal agencies, such as NASA, the Fed-
3	eral Aviation Administration, and the National Oce-
4	anic and Atmospheric Administration, in wake tur-
5	bulence research and development?
6	(b) Report.—A report containing the results of the
7	assessment conducted pursuant to subsection (a) shall be
8	provided to Congress not later than 1 year after the date
9	of enactment of this Act.
10	SEC. 340. UNIVERSITY-BASED CENTERS FOR RESEARCH ON
11	AVIATION TRAINING.
12	(a) In General.—The Administrator shall award
13	grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia
13 14	grants to institutions of higher education (or consortia thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on
14	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on
14 15	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with ap-
14 15 16 17	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with ap- propriate NASA Centers.
14 15 16 17	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with ap- propriate NASA Centers.  (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Centers shall be
14 15 16 17	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with appropriate NASA Centers.  (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Centers shall be to investigate the impact of new technologies and proce-
114 115 116 117 118	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with appropriate NASA Centers.  (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Centers shall be to investigate the impact of new technologies and procedures, particularly those related to the aircraft flight deck
114 115 116 117 118 119 220	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with appropriate NASA Centers.  (b) PURPOSE.—The purpose of the Centers shall be to investigate the impact of new technologies and procedures, particularly those related to the aircraft flight deck and to the air traffic management functions, on training
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	thereof) to establish one or more Centers for Research on Aviation Training under cooperative agreements with appropriate NASA Centers.  (b) Purpose.—The purpose of the Centers shall be to investigate the impact of new technologies and procedures, particularly those related to the aircraft flight deck and to the air traffic management functions, on training requirements for pilots and air traffic controllers.

25 Administrator at such time, in such manner, and con-



1	taining such information as the Administrator may re-
2	quire, including, at a minimum, a 5-year research plan
3	(d) AWARD DURATION.—An award made by the Ad-
4	ministrator under this section shall be for a period of 5
5	years and may be renewed on the basis of—
6	(1) satisfactory performance in meeting the
7	goals of the research plan proposed by the Center in
8	its application under subsection (e); and
9	(2) other requirements as specified by the Ad-
10	ministrator.
11	TITLE IV—HUMAN SPACE
12	FLIGHT
13	SEC. 401. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION COMPLETION.
14	(a) Elements, Capabilities, and Configuration
15	CRITERIA.—The Administrator shall ensure that the ISS
16	will be able to—
17	(1) fulfill international partner agreements and
18	provide a diverse range of research capacity, includ-
19	ing a high rate of human biomedical research proto-
20	cols, countermeasures for the effects of microgravity,
21	applied biotechnologies, technology and exploration
22	research, commercial research, fundamental re-
23	search, and other priority areas;
24	(2) have a life sciences centrifuge and associ-
25	ated holding facilities:



1	(3) have an ability to support crew size of at
2	least 6 persons;
3	(4) support crew exploration vehicle docking
4	and automated docking of cargo vehicles or modules
5	launched by either heavy-lift or commercially-devel-
6	oped launch vehicles; and
7	(5) be operated at an appropriate risk level.
8	(b) Contingency Plan.—The transportation plan
9	to support ISS shall include contingency options to ensure
10	sufficient logistics and on-orbit capabilities to support any
11	potential period during which the Space Shuttle or its fol-
12	low-on crew and cargo systems is unavailable, and provide
13	sufficient prepositioning of spares and other supplies need-
14	ed to accommodate any such hiatus.
15	(c) Certification.—Not later than 60 days after
16	the date of enactment of this Act, and before making any
17	change in the ISS assembly sequence in effect on the date
10	of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall certify
10	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	in writing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
19	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
19	in writing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and
19 20	in writing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives NASA's plan to
19 20 21	in writing to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of Representatives NASA's plan to

(a) Policy.—It is the policy of the United States—



(1) to ensure diverse and growing utilization of
benefits from the ISS; and
(2) to increase commercial utilization and oper-
ations in low-Earth orbit and beyond that are sup-
ported by national and commercial space transpor-
tation capabilities.
(b) USE OF INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION.—The
Administrator shall conduct broadly focused scientific and
exploration research and development activities using the
ISS in a manner consistent with the provisions of this
title, and advance the Nation's exploration of the Moon
and beyond, using the ISS as a test-bed and outpost for
operations, engineering, and scientific research.
(c) Reports.—Not later than March 31 of each year
the Administrator shall transmit a report to the Com-
mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of
Representatives on the use of the ISS as provided in sub-
section (b), with implementation milestones and associated
results.
SEC. 403. INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION COST CAP.
Section 202 of the National Aeronautics and Space



- 2
- Administration Authorization Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
- $24\ \ 2451$  note) is repealed.

### 1 SEC. 404. SPACE SHUTTLE TRANSITION.

- 2 (a) In General.—The Administrator is strongly en-
- 3 couraged to pursue the goal of retiring the Space Shuttle
- 4 in 2010 and initiating flight operations of the Crew Explo-
- 5 ration Vehicle. However, in view of the detrimental effects
- 6 of a gap in human access to space by the United States,
- 7 the Administrator may not retire all of the Space Shuttle
- 8 orbiters until a replacement human-rated spacecraft sys-
- 9 tem that can take humans into Earth orbit and return
- 10 them safely has entered operational service, unless the Ad-
- 11 ministrator determines that the Space Shuttle is unsafe
- 12 for continued flight operations.
- 13 (b) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit a re-
- 14 port to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
- 15 portation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of
- 16 the House of Representatives containing a detailed and
- 17 comprehensive Space Shuttle transition plan that includes
- 18 any necessary recertification, including requirements, as-
- 19 sumptions, and milestones, in order to utilize the Space
- 20 Shuttle orbiter beyond calendar year 2010.
- 21 (c) Contract Terminations; Vendor Replace-
- 22 MENTS.—The Administrator may not terminate any con-
- 23 tracts nor replace any vendors associated with the Space
- 24 Shuttle until 120 days after the Administrator has trans-
- 25 mitted the report required by subsection (b).



### SEC. 405. HUMAN EXPLORATION PRIORITIES.

- 2 (a) In General.—In view of the limited resources
- 3 likely to be available for human exploration over the re-
- 4 mainder of the decade, the Administrator shall—
- 5 (1) construct an architecture and implementa-
- 6 tion plan for NASA's human exploration program
- 7 that is not critically dependent on the achievement
- 8 of milestones by fixed dates; and
- 9 (2) determine the relative priority of each of the
- potential elements of NASA's implementation plan
- for its human exploration program in case funding
- shortfalls or cost growth necessitate the adjustment
- of NASA's implementation plan.
- 14 (b) Priorities.—Development of a Crew Explo-
- 15 ration Vehicle with a robust crew escape system, develop-
- 16 ment of a launch system for the Crew Exploration Vehicle,
- 17 and definition of an overall architecture and prioritized
- 18 implementation plan shall be the highest priorities of the
- 19 human exploration program over the period governed by
- 20 this Act.
- 21 (c) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 22 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall transmit
- 23 to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
- 24 tation of the Senate and the Committee on Science of the
- 25 House of Representatives—



1	(1) an exploration architecture and prioritized
2	implementation plan and schedule for NASA's
3	human exploration program;
4	(2) the requirements, cost estimates, and sched-
5	ules for the Crew Exploration Vehicle and its associ-
6	ated launch vehicle; and
7	(3) cost estimates for each of the elements of
8	the prioritized implementation plan and sensitivity
9	analyses of the cost impacts of schedule adjust-
10	ments.
11	SEC. 406. DEVELOPMENT OF EXPANDED PERMANENT
12	HUMAN PRESENCE BEYOND LOW-EARTH
1 4	
13	ORBIT.
	ORBIT.  (a) In General.—As part of the programs author-
13	(a) In General.—As part of the programs author-
13 14 15	(a) In General.—As part of the programs author-
13 14 15 16	(a) In General.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of
13 14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall
13 14 15 16 17	(a) In General.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a perma-
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a permanently sustained human presence on the Moon, in tandem
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a permanently sustained human presence on the Moon, in tandem with an extensive precursor program, to support scientific
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) IN GENERAL.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a permanently sustained human presence on the Moon, in tandem with an extensive precursor program, to support scientific pursuits, and as a stepping-stone to future exploration of
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a permanently sustained human presence on the Moon, in tandem with an extensive precursor program, to support scientific pursuits, and as a stepping-stone to future exploration of Mars. The Administrator is further authorized to develop
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—As part of the programs authorized under the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.), the Administrator shall establish a program with the goal of developing a permanently sustained human presence on the Moon, in tandem with an extensive precursor program, to support scientific pursuits, and as a stepping-stone to future exploration of Mars. The Administrator is further authorized to develop and conduct commercial and international collaborations



1	(1) implement an effective exploration tech-
2	nology program that is focused around the key needs
3	to support lunar human and robotic operations,
4	including—
5	(A) not later than 180 days after the date
6	of enactment of this Act, providing to the Com-
7	mittee on Science of the House of Representa-
8	tives and the Committee on Commerce, Science,
9	and Transportation of the Senate an Explo-
10	ration Critical Technologies List that will in-
11	clude those technology areas identified to re-
12	quire significant advancements in order for
13	NASA to achieve the Exploration Vision as ar-
14	ticulated by the President and contained in
15	NASA's Strategic Plan for Lunar and Mars ex-
16	ploration; and
17	(B) to ensure that the capabilities inherent
18	within the United States research universities
19	and United States nonaerospace industries are
20	actively sought and stimulated in support of ex-
21	ploration, not later than 180 days after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, submitting to the
23	Committee on Science of the House of Rep-
24	resentatives and the Committee on Commerce,
25	Science, and Transportation of the Senate a

Science, and Transportation of the Senate a



1	plan for establishing a program of university
2	led university and industry partnerships in each
3	of the areas identified in the Exploration Crit-
4	ical Technologies List provided under subpara-
5	graph (A);
6	(2) as part of NASA's annual budget submis-
7	sion, submit to the Congress the detailed mission,
8	schedule, and budget for key lunar mission-enabling
9	technology areas, including areas for possible innova-
10	tive governmental and commercial activities and
11	partnerships;
12	(3) as part of NASA's annual budget submis-
13	sion, submit to the Congress a plan for NASA's
14	lunar robotic precursor and technology programs, in-
15	cluding current and planned technology investments
16	and scientific research that support the lunar pro-
17	gram; and
18	(4) conduct an intensive in-situ resource utiliza-
19	tion technology program in order to develop the ca-
20	pability to use space resources to increase independ-
21	ence from Earth, and sustain exploration beyond



22

low-Earth orbit.

## 1 SEC. 407. GROUND-BASED EXPLORATION ANALOG CAPA-

- 2 BILITIES.
- 3 (a) In General.—The Administrator shall evaluate
- 4 the costs and benefits of establishing ground-based analog
- 5 capabilities in United States locations and elsewhere in the
- 6 world in order to assist in the development of technologies
- 7 and operational techniques for lunar operations, life sup-
- 8 port, and in-situ resource utilization experience and capa-
- 9 bilities.
- 10 (b) Locations.—If the Administrator determines
- 11 that the establishment of ground-based analog capabilities
- 12 will help advance the United States human exploration
- 13 program, the Administrator shall determine which loca-
- 14 tions would offer the most promise for the establishment
- 15 of such ground-based exploration analogs.
- 16 (c) Involvement of Local Populations; Pri-
- 17 VATE SECTOR PARTNERS.—In carrying out this section,
- 18 the Administrator shall involve local populations, aca-
- 19 demia, and industrial partners as much as possible to en-
- 20 sure that ground-based benefits and applications are en-
- 21 couraged and developed.
- 22 SEC. 408. GAO ASSESSMENT OF FEASIBILITY OF MOON AND
- 23 MARS EXPLORATION MISSIONS.
- Not later than 9 months after the date of enactment
- 25 of this Act, the Comptroller General shall transmit to the
- 26 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of



1	the Senate and the Committee on Science of the House
2	of Representatives an assessment of the feasibility of
3	NASA's planning for exploration of the Moon and Mars
4	giving special consideration to the long-term cost implica-
5	tions of program architecture and schedules.
6	SEC. 409. UNITED STATES HUMAN-RATED LAUNCH CAPAC
7	ITY ASSESSMENT.
8	Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-
9	ministrator shall, not later than 60 days after the date
10	of enactment of this Act, provide to the Committee on
11	Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the Senate and
12	the Committee on Science of the House of Representa-
13	tives, a full description of the transportation requirements
14	and systems needed to support human lunar missions, as
15	well as for the ISS, including—
16	(1) a retention plan of skilled personnel from
17	the legacy Shuttle program which will sustain the
18	level of safety for that program through the final
19	flight and a transition plan that will ensure that any
20	NASA programs can utilize the human capital re-
21	sources of the Shuttle program, to the maximum ex-
22	tent practicable;
23	(2) the implications for and impact on the Na-



24

tion's aerospace industrial base;

1	(3) the manner in which the proposed vehicles
2	contribute to a national mixed fleet launch and flight
3	capacity;
4	(4) support for ISS crew transportation, ISS
5	utilization, and lunar exploration architecture;
6	(5) for any human rated vehicle, a crew escape
7	system, as well as substantial protection against or-
8	bital debris strikes that offers a high level of safety;
9	(6) development risk areas;
10	(7) the schedule and cost;
11	(8) the relationship between crew and cargo ca-
12	pabilities; and
13	(9) the potential risk reduction from the use of
14	qualified hardware.
15	TITLE V—OTHER PROGRAM
16	AREAS
17	Subtitle A—Space and Flight
18	Support
19	SEC. 501. SPACE COMMUNICATIONS STUDY.
20	(a) Study.—The Administrator shall develop a plan
21	for updating NASA's space communications architecture
22	for both low-Earth orbital operations and deep space ex-
23	ploration so that it is capable of meeting NASA's needs
24	over the next 20 years. The plan shall also include life-
25	cycle cost estimates, milestones, estimated performance



- 1 capabilities, and 5-year funding profiles. The plan shall
- 2 also incorporate all appropriate findings of the Deep Space
- 3 Network report required under section 204 of this Act.
- 4 The plan shall also include an estimate of the amounts
- 5 of any reimbursements NASA is likely to receive from
- 6 other Federal agencies during the expected life of the up-
- 7 grades described in the plan.
- 8 (b) Consultations.—The Administrator shall con-
- 9 sult with other relevant Federal agencies in developing the
- 10 plan under this section.
- 11 (c) Report.—The Administrator shall transmit the
- 12 plan under this section to the Committee on Commerce,
- 13 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 14 mittee on Science of the House of Representatives not
- 15 later than February 17, 2007.
- 16 SEC. 502. ORBITAL DEBRIS.
- 17 The Administrator, in conjunction with the heads of
- 18 other Federal agencies, shall take steps to develop or ac-
- 19 quire technologies that will enable NASA to decrease the
- 20 risks associated with orbital debris.
- 21 SEC. 503. SECONDARY PAYLOAD CAPABILITY.
- In order to help develop a cadre of experienced engi-
- 23 neers and to provide more routine and affordable access
- 24 to space, the Administrator shall provide the capabilities
- 25 to support secondary payloads on United States launch



1	vehicles, including free flyers, for satellites or scientific
2	payloads weighing less than 500 kilograms.
3	SEC. 504. NASA HEALTHCARE PROGRAM.
4	The Administrator shall develop policies, procedures,
5	and plans necessary for—
6	(1) the establishment of a lifetime healthcare
7	program for NASA astronauts; and
8	(2) the study and analysis of the healthcare
9	data obtained in order to better understand the
10	long-term health effects of space flight on humans.
11	Subtitle B—Education
12	SEC. 511. INSTITUTIONS IN NASA'S MINORITY INSTITU-
13	TIONS PROGRAM.
13 14	TIONS PROGRAM.  The matter appearing under the heading "NA-
14 15	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-
14 15 16	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-
14 15 16 17	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title
14 15 16 17 18	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing
14 15 16 17 18	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Ap-
14 15 16 17 18	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2473b; 103 Stat. 863)
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2473b; 103 Stat. 863) is amended by striking "Historically Black Colleges and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2473b; 103 Stat. 863) is amended by striking "Historically Black Colleges and Universities and" and inserting "Historically Black Colleges and Universities that are part B institutions (as de-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	The matter appearing under the heading "NA-TIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRA-TION—SMALL AND DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS" in title III of the Departments of Veterans Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Appropriations Act, 1990 (42 U.S.C. 2473b; 103 Stat. 863) is amended by striking "Historically Black Colleges and Universities and" and inserting "Historically Black Colleges and Universities that are part B institutions (as de-

25 (as defined in section 502(a)(5) of that Act (20 U.S.C.



- 1 1101a(a)(5))), Tribal Colleges or Universities (as defined
  2 in section 316(b)(3) of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1059c(b)(3))),
- 3 Alaskan Native-serving institutions (as defined in section
- 4 317(b)(2) of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1059d)(b)(2))), Native
- 5 Hawaiian-serving institutions (as defined in section
- 6 317(b)(4) of that Act (20 U.S.C. 1059d(b)(4))), and".

## 7 SEC. 512. PROGRAM TO EXPAND DISTANCE LEARNING IN

- 8 RURAL UNDERSERVED AREAS.
- 9 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall develop
- 10 or expand programs to extend science and space edu-
- 11 cational outreach to rural communities and schools
- 12 through video conferencing, interpretive exhibits, teacher
- 13 education, classroom presentations, and student field
- 14 trips.
- 15 (b) Priorities.—In carrying out subsection (a), the
- 16 Administrator shall give priority to existing programs, in-
- 17 cluding Challenger Learning Centers—
- 18 (1) that utilize community-based partnerships
- in the field;
- 20 (2) that build and maintain video conference
- 21 and exhibit capacity;
- 22 (3) that travel directly to rural communities
- and serve low-income populations; and



(4) with a special emphasis on increasing the
number of women and minorities in the science and
engineering professions.
SEC. 513. CHARLES "PETE" CONRAD ASTRONOMY AWARDS
(a) Short Title.—This section may be cited as the
"Charles 'Pete' Conrad Astronomy Awards Act".
(b) Definitions.—For the purposes of this
section—
(1) the term "amateur astronomer" means an
individual whose employer does not provide any
funding, payment, or compensation to the individual
for the observation of asteroids and other celestial
bodies, and does not include any individual employed
as a professional astronomer;
(2) the term "Minor Planet Center" means the
Minor Planet Center of the Smithsonian Astro-
physical Observatory;
(3) the term "near-Earth asteroid" means an
asteroid with a perihelion distance of less than 1.3
Astronomical Units from the Sun; and
(4) the term "Program" means the Charles
"Pete" Conrad Astronomy Awards Program estab-
lished under subsection (c).

(c) Pete Conrad Astronomy Award Program.—



1	(1) In general.—The Administrator shall es-
2	tablish the Charles "Pete" Conrad Astronomy
3	Awards Program.
4	(2) AWARDS.—The Administrator shall make
5	awards under the Program based on the rec-
6	ommendations of the Minor Planet Center.
7	(3) Award Categories.—The Administrator
8	shall make one annual award, unless there are no el-
9	igible discoveries or contributions, for each of the
10	following categories:
11	(A) The amateur astronomer or group of
12	amateur astronomers who in the preceding cal-
13	endar year discovered the intrinsically brightest
14	near-Earth asteroid among the near-Earth as-
15	teroids that were discovered during that year by
16	amateur astronomers or groups of amateur as-
17	tronomers.
18	(B) The amateur astronomer or group of
19	amateur astronomers who made the greatest
20	contribution to the Minor Planet Center's mis-
21	sion of cataloguing near-Earth asteroids during
22	the preceding year.
23	(4) AWARD AMOUNT.—An award under the



(5) Guidelines.—(A) No individual who is not
a citizen or permanent resident of the United States
at the time of his discovery or contribution may re-
ceive an award under this section.
(B) The decisions of the Administrator in mak-
ing awards under this section are final.
SEC. 514. REVIEW OF EDUCATION PROGRAMS.
(a) In General.—The Administrator shall enter
into an arrangement with the National Research Council
of the National Academy of Sciences to conduct a review
and evaluation of NASA's science, technology, engineer-
ing, and mathematics education program. The review and
evaluation shall be documented in a report to the Adminis-
trator and shall include such recommendations as the Na-
tional Research Council determines will improve the effec-
tiveness of the program.
(b) Review.—The review and evaluation under sub-
section (a) shall include—
(1) an evaluation of the effectiveness of the
overall program in meeting its defined goals and ob-
jectives;
(2) an assessment of the quality and edu-
cational effectiveness of the major components of the
program, including an evaluation of the adequacy of

assessment metrics and data collection requirements



1	available for determining the effectiveness of indi-
2	vidual projects;
3	(3) an evaluation of the funding priorities in
4	the program, including a review of the funding level
5	and funding trend for each major component of the
6	program and an assessment of whether the resources
7	made available are consistent with meeting identified
8	goals and priorities; and
9	(4) a determination of the extent and the effec-
10	tiveness of coordination and collaboration between
11	NASA and other Federal agencies that sponsor
12	science, technology, engineering, and mathematics
13	education activities.
14	(c) Report to Congress.—Not later than 18
15	months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Ad-
16	ministrator shall transmit to the Committee on Commerce,
17	Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
18	mittee on Science of the House of Representatives the re-
19	port required under subsection (a).
20	SEC. 515. EQUAL ACCESS TO NASA'S EDUCATION PRO-
21	GRAMS.
22	The Administrator shall strive to ensure equal access
23	for minority and economically disadvantaged students to
24	NASA's Education programs. Not later than 1 year after

25 the date of enactment of this Act, and every 2 years there-



1	after, the Administrator shall submit a report to the Com-
2	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
3	Senate and the Committee on Science of the House of
4	Representatives describing the efforts by the Adminis-
5	trator to ensure equal access for minority and economi-
6	cally disadvantaged students under this section, and the
7	results of such efforts.
8	TITLE VI—COMMERCIALIZATION
9	SEC. 601. COMPETITIVE PRIZE PROGRAM TO ENCOURAGE
10	DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED SPACE AND
11	AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGIES.
12	Title III of the National Aeronautics and Space Act
13	of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2451 et seq.) is amended by inserting
14	after section 313 the following:
15	"SEC. 314. COMPETITIVE AWARD OF PRIZES TO ENCOUR-
16	AGE DEVELOPMENT OF ADVANCED SPACE
17	AND AERONAUTICAL TECHNOLOGIES.
18	"(a) Program Authorized.—
19	"(1) In General.—The Administrator may
20	carry out a program to award prizes to stimulate in-
21	novation in basic and applied research, technology
22	development, and prototype demonstration that have
23	the potential for application to the performance of
24	the space and aeronautical activities of the Adminis-



25

tration.

1	"(2) Use of prize authority.—In carrying
2	out the program, the Administrator shall seek to de-
3	velop and support technologies and areas that the
4	Administrator determines to be providing impetus to
5	the Administration's overall exploration and science
6	architecture and plans and, where practicable, utilize
7	the prize winner's technologies in fulfilling the Ad-
8	ministration's missions.
9	"(b) Program Requirements.—
10	"(1) Competitive process.—Recipients of
11	prizes under the program under this section shall be
12	selected through one or more competitions conducted
13	by the Administrator.
14	"(2) Advertising.—The Administrator shall
15	widely advertise any competitions conducted under
16	the program and shall include advertising to re-
17	search universities.
18	"(c) Registration; Assumption of Risk.—
19	"(1) Registration.—Each potential recipient
20	of a prize in a competition under the program under
21	this section shall register for the competition.
22	"(2) Assumption of Risk.—In registering for
23	a competition under paragraph (1), a potential re-
24	cipient of a prize shall assume any and all risks, and

waive claims against the United States Government



and its related entities, for any injury, death, damage, or loss of property, revenue, or profits, whether direct, indirect, or consequential, arising from participation in the competition, whether such injury, death, damage, or loss arises through negligence or otherwise, except in the case of willful misconduct.

"(3) Related entity defined.—In this subsection, the term 'related entity' means a contractor or subcontractor at any tier, a supplier, user, cus-

or subcontractor at any tier, a supplier, user, customer, cooperating party, grantee, investigator, or

detailee.

"(4) Intellectual property.—As a condition for the awarding of the prize by the Administrator, the recipient of the prize shall award a non-exclusive, nontransferable, paid-up license from the prize recipient to NASA to practice the invention or have the invention practiced throughout out the world by or on behalf of the Government. In the exercise of such license, the Government shall not publicly disclose trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential within the meaning of section 552 (b)(4) of title 5, United States Code.

24 "(d) Limitations.—



1	"(1) TOTAL AMOUNT.—The total amount of
2	cash prizes available for award in competitions
3	under the program under this section in any fiscal
4	year may not exceed \$50,000,000. Funds for a given
5	prize program shall be taken from the specific budg-
6	etary account specified in section 101, 102, or 103
7	that is intended to benefit from the successful con-
8	clusion of the competition.
9	"(2) Approval required for large
10	PRIZES.—No competition under the program may
11	result in the award of more than \$1,000,000 in cash
12	prizes without the approval of the Administrator or
13	a designee of the Administrator.
14	"(e) Relationship to Other Authority.—The
15	Administrator may utilize the authority in this section in
16	conjunction with or in addition to the utilization of any
17	other authority of the Administrator to acquire, support,
18	or stimulate basic and applied research, technology devel-
19	opment, or prototype demonstration projects.
20	"(f) AVAILABILITY OF FUNDS.—Funds appropriated
21	for the program authorized by this section shall remain



22 available until expended.".

	77
1	SEC. 602. COMMERCIAL SUPPORT OF INTERNATIONAL
2	SPACE STATION OPERATIONS AND UTILIZA-
3	TION.
4	The Administrator shall purchase commercial serv-
5	ices for support of the ISS for cargo and other needs, and
6	for enhancement of the capabilities of the ISS, to the max-
7	imum extent possible, in accordance with Federal procure-
8	ment law.

#### 9 SEC. 603. COMMERCIALIZATION PLAN.

10 (a) In General.—The Administrator, in consulta-11 tion with the Associate Administrator for Space Transpor-12 tation of the Federal Aviation Administration, the Direc-13 tor of the Office of Space Commercialization of the Department of Commerce, and any other relevant agencies, shall develop a commercialization plan to support the 15 human missions to the Moon and Mars, to support Low-Earth Orbit activities and Earth science missions and ap-17 18 plications, and to transfer science research and technology 19 to society. The plan shall identify opportunities for the private sector to participate in the future missions and activities, including opportunities for partnership between 21 NASA and the private sector in conducting research and 23 the development of technologies and services. The plan 24 shall include provisions for developing and funding sustained university and industry partnerships to conduct 25 commercial research and technology development, to 26



- 1 proactively translate results of space research to Earth
- 2 benefits, to advance United States economic interests, and
- 3 to support the vision for exploration.
- 4 (b) Report.—Not later than 180 days after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act, the Administrator shall submit
- 6 a copy of the plan to the Committee on Commerce,
- 7 Science, and Transportation of the Senate and the Com-
- 8 mittee on Science of the House of Representatives.
- 9 SEC. 604. COMMERCIAL GOODS AND SERVICES.
- 10 It is the sense of the Congress that NASA should
- 11 purchase commercially available space goods and services
- 12 to the fullest extent feasible in support of the human mis-
- 13 sions beyond Earth and should encourage commercial use
- 14 and development of space to the greatest extent prac-
- 15 ticable.

# 16 TITLE VII—WORKFORCE AND

- 17 **FACILITIES**
- 18 SEC. 701. WORKFORCE STRATEGY.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall develop
- 20 a human capital strategy to ensure that NASA has a
- 21 workforce of the appropriate size and with the appropriate
- 22 skills to carry out the programs of NASA, consistent with
- 23 the policies and plans developed pursuant to this Act. The
- 24 strategy shall cover the period through fiscal year 2011.



1	(b) Content.—The strategy shall describe, at a
2	minimum—
3	(1) any categories of employees NASA intends
4	to reduce, the expected size and timing of those re-
5	ductions, the methods NASA intends to use to make
6	the reductions, and the reasons NASA no longer
7	needs those employees;
8	(2) any categories of employees NASA intends
9	to increase, the expected size and timing of those in-
10	creases, the methods NASA intends to use to recruit
11	the additional employees, and the reasons NASA
12	needs those employees;
13	(3) the steps NASA will use to retain needed
14	employees; and
15	(4) the budget assumptions of the strategy, and
16	any expected additional costs or savings from the
17	strategy by fiscal year.
18	(c) Schedule.—The Administrator shall transmit
19	the strategy developed under this section to the Committee
20	on Science of the House of Representatives and the Com-
21	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
22	Senate not later than the date on which the President sub-
23	mits the proposed budget for the Federal Government for
24	fiscal year 2007 to the Congress. The strategy should em-

25 phasize voluntary methods for achieving workforce goals.



- 1 At least 60 days before transmitting the strategy, NASA 2 shall provide a draft of this strategy to its Federal Em-
- 3 ployee Unions for a 30-day consultation period after which
- 4 NASA shall respond in writing to any written concerns
- 5 provided by these Unions.
- 6 (d) LIMITATION.—To allow time for voluntary meth-
- 7 ods to achieve human capital goals, NASA may not ini-
- 8 tiate any Reduction in Force or involuntary separations,
- 9 with the exception of involuntary separations of manage-
- 10 ment or supervisory personnel or for legitimate discipli-
- 11 nary reasons, until October 1, 2006.
- 12 SEC. 702. FACILITIES PLAN.
- 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall develop
- 14 a plan for managing NASA's facilities through fiscal year
- 15 2015. The plan shall be consistent with the policies and
- 16 plans developed pursuant to this Act.
- 17 (b) CONTENT.—At a minimum, the plan shall
- 18 describe—
- 19 (1) any new facilities NASA intends to acquire,
- whether through construction, purchase, or lease,
- and the expected dates for doing so;
- 22 (2) any facilities NASA intends to significantly
- 23 modify, and the expected dates for doing so;
- 24 (3) any facilities NASA intends to close, and
- 25 the expected dates for doing so;



1	(4) any transaction NASA intends to conduct
2	to sell, lease, or otherwise transfer the ownership of
3	a facility, and the expected dates for doing so;
4	(5) how each of the actions described in para-
5	graphs (1), (2), (3), and (4) will enhance the ability
6	of NASA to carry out its programs;
7	(6) the expected costs or savings expected from
8	each of the actions described in paragraphs (1), (2),
9	(3), and $(4)$ ;
10	(7) the priority order of the actions described in
11	paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4);
12	(8) the budget assumptions of the plan; and
13	(9) how facilities were evaluated in developing
14	the plan.
15	(c) Schedule.—The Administrator shall transmit
16	the plan developed under this section to the Committee
17	on Science of the House of Representatives and the Com-
18	mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
19	Senate not later than the date on which the President sub-
20	mits the proposed budget for the Federal Government for
21	fiscal year 2008 to the Congress.
22	SEC. 703. NASA TEST FACILITIES POLICY.
23	The Administrator shall establish a policy of charging
24	users of NASA's test facilities for the costs associated with

25 their tests, but shall not seek to recover the full costs of



- 1 the operation of those facilities from the users. The Ad-
- 2 ministrator shall establish a core funding account that
- 3 shall be used to maintain the operation and viability of
- 4 NASA's test facilities during periods of low utilization.
- 5 The Administrator shall not close or mothball any aero-
- 6 nautical test facilities identified in the 2003 independent
- 7 assessment by the RAND Corporation, entitled "Wind
- 8 Tunnel and Propulsion Test Facilities: An Assessment of
- 9 NASA's Capabilities to Serve National Needs" as being
- 10 part of the minimum set of those facilities necessary to
- 11 retain and manage to serve national needs, as well as any
- 12 other NASA test facilities that were in use as of January
- 13 1, 2004, until such time as the Office of Science and Tech-
- 14 nology Policy has commissioned and received the results
- 15 of an independent review of the Nation's long term stra-
- 16 tegic needs for test facilities and transmitted the results
- 17 of that review to Congress.
- 18 SEC. 704. STUDY ON THE FEASIBILITY OF USE OF GROUND
- 19 SOURCE HEAT PUMPS.
- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator shall conduct
- 21 a feasibility study on the use of ground source heat pumps
- 22 in future NASA facilities or substantial renovation of ex-
- 23 isting NASA facilities involving the installation of heating,
- 24 ventilating, and air conditioning systems.
- 25 (b) Contents.—The study shall examine—



1	(1) the life-cycle costs, including maintenance
2	costs, of the operation of such heat pumps compared
3	to generally available heating, cooling, and water
4	heating equipment;
5	(2) barriers to installation, such as availability
6	and suitability of terrain; and
7	(3) such other issues as the Administrator con-
8	siders appropriate.
9	(c) Definition.—The term "ground source heat
10	pump" means an electric-powered system that uses the
11	Earth's relatively constant temperature to provide heat-
12	ing, cooling, or hot water.
13	SEC. 705. FACILITIES MANAGEMENT.
14	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
15	sion of law, the Administrator may convey, by lease, real
16	and related personal property under the custody and con-
17	trol of NASA, or interests therein, and retain the net pro-
18	ceeds of such dispositions in an account within NASA's
19	working capital fund to be used for NASA's real property
20	capital needs at the NASA facility at which the leasing
21	arrangement occurs. All net proceeds realized under this
22	section shall be obligated or expended only as authorized
23	by appropriations Acts. To aid in the use of this authority,

24 NASA shall develop a facilities investment plan that takes



1	into account uniqueness, mission dependency, and other
2	studies required by this Act.
3	(b) Definitions.—In this section:
4	(1) Net proceeds.—The term "net proceeds"
5	means the rental and other sums received less the
6	costs of the disposition.
7	(2) Real property capital needs.—The
8	term "real property capital needs" means any ex-
9	penses necessary and incident to the agency's real
10	property capital acquisitions, improvements, and dis-
11	positions.
12	TITLE VIII—MISCELLANEOUS
13	AMENDMENTS
14	SEC. 801. RETROCESSION OF JURISDICTION.
15	Title III of the National Aeronautics and Space Act
16	of 1958, as amended by this Act, is further amended by
17	adding at the end the following:
18	"SEC. 316. RETROCESSION OF JURISDICTION.
19	"Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Ad-
20	ministrator may, whenever the Administrator considers it
21	desirable, relinquish to a State all or part of the legislative
22	jurisdiction of the United States over lands or interests
23	under the Administrator's control in that State. Relin-
<b>~</b> 4	quishment of legislative jurisdiction under this section



25 may be accomplished—

1	"(1) by filing with the Governor of the State
2	concerned a notice of relinquishment to take effect
3	upon acceptance thereof; or
4	"(2) as the laws of the State may otherwise
5	provide.".
6	SEC. 802. EXTENSION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY.
7	Section 309(f)(1) of the National Aeronautics and
8	Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2458c(f)(1)) is amended—
9	(1) by striking "December 31, 2002" and in-
10	serting "December 31, 2007"; and
11	(2) by striking "September 30, 2005" and in-
12	serting "December 31, 2009".
13	SEC. 803. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PROVISIONS.
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li></ul>	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space
	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space
14	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space
14 15	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:
14 15 16 17	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:  "(g) Assignment of Patent Rights, Etc.—
14 15 16 17 18	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:  "(g) Assignment of Patent Rights, Etc.—  "(1) In general.—Under agreements entered
14 15 16 17 18	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:  "(g) Assignment of Patent Rights, Etc.—  "(1) In General.—Under agreements entered into pursuant to paragraph (5) or (6) of section
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:  "(g) Assignment of Patent Rights, Etc.—  "(1) In General.—Under agreements entered into pursuant to paragraph (5) or (6) of section 203(c) of this Act (42 U.S.C. 2473(c)(5) or (6)), the
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Section 305 of the National Aeronautics and Space Act of 1958 (42 U.S.C. 2457) is amended by inserting after subsection (f) the following:  "(g) Assignment of Patent Rights, Etc.—  "(1) In General.—Under agreements entered into pursuant to paragraph (5) or (6) of section 203(c) of this Act (42 U.S.C. 2473(c)(5) or (6)), the Administrator may—



1	made in whole or in part by an Administration
2	employee under the agreement; or
3	"(B) subject to section 209 of title 35,
4	United States Code, grant a license to an inven-
5	tion which is federally owned, for which a pat-
6	ent application was filed before the signing of
7	the agreement, and directly within the scope of
8	the work under the agreement, for reasonable
9	compensation when appropriate.
10	"(2) Exclusivity.—The Administrator shall
11	ensure, through such agreement, that the partici-
12	pating party has the option to choose an exclusive
13	license for a prenegotiated field of use for any such
14	invention under the agreement or, if there is more
15	than 1 participating party, that the participating
16	parties are offered the option to hold licensing rights
17	that collectively encompass the rights that would be
18	held under such an exclusive license by one party.
19	"(3) Conditions.—In consideration for the
20	Government's contribution under the agreement,
21	grants under this subsection shall be subject to the
22	following explicit conditions:
23	"(A) A nonexclusive, nontransferable, ir-
24	revocable, paid-up license from the participating

party to the Administration to practice the in-



vention or have the invention practiced through
out the world by or on behalf of the Govern-
ment. In the exercise of such license, the Gov-
ernment shall not publicly disclose trade secrets
or commercial or financial information that is
privileged or confidential within the meaning of
section 552 (b)(4) of title 5, United States
Code, or which would be considered as such if
it had been obtained from a non-Federal party.
"(B) If the Administration assigns title or
grants an exclusive license to such an invention,
the Government shall retain the right—
"(i) to require the participating party
to grant to a responsible applicant a non-
exclusive, partially exclusive, or exclusive
license to use the invention in the appli-
cant's licensed field of use, on terms that
are reasonable under the circumstances; or
"(ii) if the participating party fails to
grant such a license, to grant the license
itself.
"(C) The Government may exercise its
right retained under subparagraph (B) only in
exceptional circumstances and only if the Gov-

ernment determines that—



1	"(i) the action is necessary to meet
2	health or safety needs that are not reason-
3	ably satisfied by the participating party;
4	"(ii) the action is necessary to meet
5	requirements for public use specified by
6	Federal regulations, and such requirements
7	are not reasonably satisfied by the partici-
8	pating party; or
9	"(iii) the action is necessary to comply
10	with an agreement containing provisions
11	described in section 12(c)(4)(B) of the Ste-
12	venson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act
13	of 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710a(e)(4)(B)).
14	"(4) Appeal and review of determina-
15	TION.—A determination under paragraph (3)(C) is
16	subject to administrative appeal and judicial review
17	under section 203(b) of title 35, United States
18	Code.".
19	SEC. 804. ELECTRONIC ACCESS TO BUSINESS OPPORTUNI
20	TIES.
21	Title III of the National Aeronautics and Space Act
22	of 1958, as amended by this Act, is further amended by
23	adding at the end the following:



1	"SEC. 317. ELECTRONIC ACCESS TO BUSINESS OPPORTUNI-
2	TIES.
3	"(a) In General.—The Administrator may imple-
4	ment a pilot program providing for reduction in the wait-
5	ing period between publication of notice of a proposed con-
6	tract action and release of the solicitation for procure-
7	ments conducted by the Administration.
8	"(b) Applicability.—The program implemented
9	under subsection (a) shall apply to noncommercial
10	acquisitions—
11	"(1) with a total value in excess of \$100,000
12	but not more than \$5,000,000, including options;
13	"(2) that do not involve bundling of contract re-
14	quirements as defined in section 3(o) of the Small
15	Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632(o)); and
16	"(3) for which a notice is required by section
17	8(e) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(e))
18	and section 18(a) of the Office of Federal Procure-
19	ment Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)).
20	"(c) Notice.—
21	"(1) Accessibility.—Notice of acquisitions
22	subject to the program authorized by this section
23	shall be made accessible through the single Govern-
24	ment-wide point of entry designated in the Federal

Acquisition Regulation, consistent with section



1	30(c)(4) of the Office of Federal Procurement Policy
2	Act (41 U.S.C. 426(c)(4)).
3	"(2) Publication requirements.—Providing
4	access to notice in accordance with paragraph (1)
5	satisfies the publication requirements of section 8(e)
6	of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(e)) and
7	section 18(a) of the Office of Federal Procurement
8	Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)).
9	"(d) Solicitation.—Solicitations subject to the pro-
10	gram authorized by this section shall be made accessible
11	through the Governmentwide point of entry, consistent
12	with requirements set forth in the Federal Acquisition
13	Regulation, except for adjustments to the wait periods as
14	provided in subsection (e).
15	"(e) Wait Period.—
16	"(1) Reduction.—Whenever a notice required
17	by section 8(e)(1)(A) of the Small Business Act (15
18	U.S.C. 637(e)(1)(A)) and section 18(a) of the Office
19	of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C.
20	416(a)) is made accessible in accordance with sub-
21	section (c) of this section, the wait period set forth
22	in section 8(e)(3)(A) of the Small Business Act (15
23	U.S.C. $637(e)(3)(A)$ ) and section $18(a)(3)(A)$ of the
24	Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act (41 U.S.C.

416(a)(3)(A)), shall be reduced by 5 days. If the so-



1	licitation applying to that notice is accessible elec-
2	tronically in accordance with subsection (d) simulta-
3	neously with issuance of the notice, the wait period
4	set forth in section 8(e)(3)(A) of the Small Business
5	Act (15 U.S.C. 637(e)(3)(A)) and section
6	18(a)(3)(A) of the Office of Federal Procurement
7	Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)(3)(A)) shall not apply
8	and the period specified in section 8(e)(3)(B) of the
9	Small Business Act and section 18(a)(3)(B) of the
10	Office of Federal Procurement Policy Act for sub-
11	mission of bids or proposals shall begin to run from
12	the date the solicitation is electronically accessible.
13	"(2) DEADLINE.—When a notice and solicita-
14	tion are made accessible simultaneously and the wait
15	period is waived pursuant to paragraph (1), the
16	deadline for the submission of bids or proposals shall
17	be not less than 5 days greater than the minimum
18	deadline set forth in section 8(e)(3)(B) of the Small
19	Business Act (15 U.S.C. 637(e)(3)(B)) and section
20	18(a)(3)(B) of the Office of Federal Procurement
21	Policy Act (41 U.S.C. 416(a)(3)(B)).
22	"(f) Implementation.—
23	"(1) Modification of Proupements —



24 Nothing in this section shall be construed as modi-

1	fying regulatory requirements set forth in the Fed-
2	eral Acquisition Regulation, except with respect to—
3	"(A) the applicable wait period between
4	publication of notice of a proposed contract ac-
5	tion and release of the solicitation; and
6	"(B) the deadline for submission of bids or
7	proposals for procurements conducted in ac-
8	cordance with the terms of this pilot program.
9	"(2) Nonapplicability.—This section shall
10	not apply to the extent the President determines it
11	is inconsistent with any international agreement to
12	which the United States is a party.
13	"(g) STUDY.—Not later than 18 months after the ef-
14	fective date of the program, the Administration, in coordi-
15	nation with the Small Business Administration, the Gen-
16	eral Services Administration, and the Office of Manage-
17	ment and Budget, shall evaluate the impact of the pilot
18	program and submit to Congress a report that—
19	"(1) sets forth in detail the results of the test,
20	including the impact on competition and small busi-
21	ness participation; and
22	"(2) addresses whether the pilot program
23	should be made permanent, continued as a test pro-
24	gram, or allowed to expire.



1	"(h) REGULATIONS.—The Administrator shall pub-
2	lish proposed revisions to the NASA Federal Acquisition
3	Regulation Supplement necessary to implement this sec-
4	tion in the Federal Register not later than 120 days after
5	the date of enactment of the National Aeronautics and
6	Space Administration Authorization Act of 2005. The Ad-
7	ministrator shall—
8	"(1) make the proposed regulations available
9	for public comment for a period of not less than 60
10	days; and
11	"(2) publish final regulations in the Federal
12	Register not later than 240 days after the date of
13	enactment of that Act.
14	"(i) Effective Date.—
15	"(1) In general.—The pilot program author-
16	ized by this section shall take effect on the date
17	specified in the final regulations promulgated pursu-
18	ant to subsection $(h)(2)$ .
19	"(2) Limitation.—The date so specified shall
20	be not less than 30 days after the date on which the
21	final regulation is published.
22	"(j) Expiration of Authority.—The authority to
23	conduct the pilot program under subsection (a) and to
24	award contracts under such program shall expire 2 years

25 after the effective date established in the final regulations



1	published in the Federal Register under subsection
2	(h)(2).".
3	SEC. 805. REQUIREMENT FOR INDEPENDENT COST ANAL-
4	YSIS.
5	Section 301 of the National Aeronautics and Space
6	Administration Authorization Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C.
7	2459g) is amended—
8	(1) by striking "Phase B" in subsection (a) and
9	inserting "implementation";
10	(2) by striking "\$150,000,000" in subsection
11	(a) and inserting "\$250,000,000";
12	(3) by striking "Chief Financial Officer" each
13	place it appears in subsection (a) and inserting "Ad-
14	ministrator";
15	(4) by inserting "and consider" in subsection
16	(a) after "shall conduct"; and
17	(5) by striking subsection (b) and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(b) Implementation Defined.—In this section,
20	the term 'implementation' means all activity in the life
21	cycle of a project after preliminary design, independent as-
22	sessment of the preliminary design, and approval to pro-
23	ceed into implementation, including critical design, devel-
24	opment, certification, launch, operations, disposal of as-



- 1 sets, and, for technology programs, development, testing,
- 2 analysis and communication of the results.".
- 3 SEC. 806. LIMITATIONS ON OFF-SHORE PERFORMANCE OF
- 4 CONTRACTS FOR THE PROCUREMENT OF
- 5 GOODS AND SERVICES.
- 6 (a) Conversions to Contractor Performance
- 7 OF ADMINISTRATION ACTIVITIES.—Except as provided in
- 8 subsection (c), an activity or function of the Administra-
- 9 tion that is converted to contractor performance under Of-
- 10 fice of Management and Budget Circular A-76 may not
- 11 be performed by the contractor or any subcontractor at
- 12 a location outside the United States.
- 13 (b) Contracts for the Procurement of Serv-
- 14 ICES.—(1) Except as provided in subsection (c), a contract
- 15 for the procurement of goods or services that is entered
- 16 into by the Administrator may not be performed outside
- 17 the United States unless it is to meet a requirement of
- 18 the Administration for goods or services specifically at a
- 19 location outside the United States.
- 20 (2) The President may waive the prohibition in para-
- 21 graph (1) in the case of any contract for which the Presi-
- 22 dent determines in writing that it is necessary in the na-
- 23 tional security interests of the United States for goods or
- 24 services under the contract to be performed outside the
- 25 United States.



1	(3) The Administrator may waive the prohibition in
2	paragraph (1) in the case of any contract for which the
3	Administrator determines in writing that essential goods
4	or services under the contract are only available from a
5	source outside the United States.
6	(e) Exception.—Subsections (a) and (b)(1) shall
7	not apply to the extent that the activity or function under
8	the contract was previously performed by Federal Govern-
9	ment employees outside the United States.
10	TITLE IX—INDEPENDENT
11	COMMISSIONS
12	SEC. 901. DEFINITIONS.
13	For purposes of this title—
14	(1) the term "Commission" means a Commis-
15	sion established under this title;
16	(2) the term "incident" means either an acci-
17	dent or a deliberate act; and
18	(3) the term "NTSB" means the National
19	Transportation Safety Board.
20	Subtitle A—International Space
21	Station Independent Safety
22	Commission
23	SEC. 911. ESTABLISHMENT OF COMMISSION.
24	(a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
25	an independent, nonpartisan Commission within the exec-



- utive branch to discover and assess any vulnerabilities of the International Space Station that could lead to its de-3 struction, compromise the health of its crew, or necessitate 4 its premature abandonment. 5 (b) DEADLINE FOR ESTABLISHMENT.—The President shall issue an executive order establishing a Commission within 30 days after the date of enactment of this 8 Act. SEC. 912. TASKS OF THE COMMISSION. 10 The Commission established under section 911 shall, 11 to the extent possible, undertake the following tasks: 12 (1) Catalog threats to and vulnerabilities of the 13 ISS, including design flaws, natural phenomena, 14 computer software or hardware flaws, sabotage or terrorist attack, number of crewmembers, and inabil-15 16 ity to adequately deliver replacement parts and sup-17 plies, and management or procedural deficiencies. 18 (2) Make recommendations for corrective ac-19 tions.
- 20 (3) Provide any additional findings or rec-21 ommendations considered by the Commission to be 22 important, whether or not they are related to ISS 23 safety.
- 24 (4) Prepare a report to Congress, the President, and the public.



## Subtitle B—Human Space Flight

## 2 Independent Investigation Com-

### 3 mission

- 5 (a) Establishment.—The President shall establish
- 6 an independent, nonpartisan Commission within the exec-
- 7 utive branch to investigate any incident that results in the
- 8 loss of—
- 9 (1) a Space Shuttle;
- 10 (2) the International Space Station or its oper-
- 11 ational viability;
- 12 (3) any other United States space vehicle car-
- 13 rying humans;
- 14 (4) any space vehicle carrying United States
- 15 citizens; or
- 16 (5) a crew member or passenger of any space
- vehicle described in this subsection.
- 18 (b) Deadline for Establishment.—The Presi-
- 19 dent shall issue an executive order establishing a Commis-
- 20 sion within 7 days after an incident specified in subsection
- 21 (a).
- 22 SEC. 922. TASKS OF THE COMMISSION.
- A Commission established pursuant to this subtitle
- 24 shall, to the extent possible, undertake the following tasks:
- 25 (1) Investigate the incident.



1	(2) Determine the cause of the incident.
2	(3) Identify all contributing factors to the cause
3	of the incident.
4	(4) Make recommendations for corrective ac-
5	tions.
6	(5) Provide any additional findings or rec-
7	ommendations deemed by the Commission to be im-
8	portant, whether or not they are related to the spe-
9	cific incident under investigation.
10	(6) Prepare a report to Congress, the Presi-
11	dent, and the public.
12	SEC. 923. ROLE OF NTSB.
13	The NTSB shall assume responsibility for the inves-
14	tigation of any incident described in section 921(a) imme-
15	diately upon the occurrence of that incident. The NTSB
16	shall transfer responsibility for the investigation to a Com-
17	mission established pursuant to this subtitle as soon as
18	the Commission holds its initial meeting under section
19	931(d).
20	Subtitle C—Organization and
21	<b>Operation of Commissions</b>
22	SEC. 931. COMPOSITION OF COMMISSIONS.
23	(a) Number of Commissioners.—A Commission
24	established pursuant to this title shall consist of 15 mem-
25	bers.



1	(b) Selection.—The members of a Commission
2	shall be chosen in the following manner:
3	(1) The Chairman of the NTSB shall be a
4	member of the Commission.
5	(2) The President shall appoint the remaining
6	14 members, and shall designate the Chairman and
7	Vice Chairman of the Commission from among its
8	members.
9	(3) Four of the 14 members appointed by the
10	President shall be selected by the President in the
11	following manner:
12	(A) The majority leader of the Senate, the
13	minority leader of the Senate, the Speaker of
14	the House of Representatives, and the minority
15	leader of the House of Representatives shall
16	each provide to the President a list of can-
17	didates for membership on the Commission.
18	(B) The President shall select one of the
19	candidates from each of the 4 lists for member-
20	ship on the Commission.
21	(4) In the case of a Commission established
22	under subtitle A, the President shall select one can-
23	didate from a list of candidates for membership on

the Commission provided by the President of the col-



1	lective-bargaining organization including the largest
2	member of NASA engineers.
3	(5) With the exception of the Chairman of the
4	NTSB, no officer or employee of the Federal Gov-
5	ernment shall serve as a member of the Commission.
6	(6) No member of the Commission shall have,
7	or have pending, a contractual relationship with
8	NASA.
9	(7) The President shall not appoint any indi-
10	vidual as a member of a Commission under this sec-
11	tion who has a current or former relationship with
12	the Administrator that the President determines
13	would constitute a conflict of interest.
14	(8) To the extent practicable, the President
15	shall ensure that the members of the Commission in-
16	clude some individuals with experience relative to
17	human carrying spacecraft, as well as some individ-
18	uals with investigative experience and some individ-
19	uals with legal experience.
20	(9) To the extent practicable, the President
21	shall seek diversity in the membership of the Com-
22	mission.
23	(10) The President may waive the prohibitions

in paragraphs (5) and (6) with respect to the selec-



I	tion of not more than 2 members of a Commission
2	established under subtitle A.
3	(c) DEADLINE FOR APPOINTMENT.—All members of
4	a Commission established under subtitle A shall be ap-
5	pointed no later than 60 days after issuance of the execu-
6	tive order establishing the Commission. All members of a
7	Commission established under subtitle B shall be ap-
8	pointed no later than 30 days after the incident.
9	(d) Initial Meeting.—A Commission shall meet
10	and begin operations as soon as practicable.
11	(e) Quorum; Vacancies.—After its initial meeting,
12	a Commission shall meet upon the call of the Chairman
13	or a majority of its members. Eight members of a Com-
14	mission shall constitute a quorum. Any vacancy in a Com-
15	mission shall not affect its powers, but shall be filled in
16	the same manner in which the original appointment was
17	made.
18	SEC. 932. POWERS OF COMMISSION.
19	(a) In General.—
20	(1) Hearings and Evidence.—A Commission
21	or, on the authority of the Commission, any sub-
22	committee or member thereof, may, for the purpose
23	of carrying out this title—



1	(A) hold such hearings and sit and act at
2	such times and places, take such testimony, re-
3	ceive such evidence, administer such oaths; and
4	(B) subject to paragraph (2)(A), require,
5	by subpoena or otherwise, the attendance and
6	testimony of such witnesses and the production
7	of such books, records, correspondence, memo-
8	randa, papers, and documents,
9	as the Commission or such designated subcommittee
10	or designated member may determine advisable.
11	(2) Subpoenas.—
12	(A) Issuance.—
13	(i) In general.—A subpoena may be
14	issued under this subsection only—
15	(I) by the agreement of the
16	Chairman and the Vice Chairman; or
17	(II) by the affirmative vote of 8
18	members of the Commission.
19	(ii) SIGNATURE.—Subject to clause
20	(i), subpoenas issued under this subsection
21	may be issued under the signature of the
22	Chairman or any member designated by a
23	majority of the Commission, and may be
24	served by any person designated by the



1	Chairman or by a member designated by a
2	majority of the Commission.
3	(B) Enforcement.—
4	(i) IN GENERAL.—In the case of con-
5	tumacy or failure to obey a subpoena
6	issued under subsection (a), the United
7	States district court for the judicial district
8	in which the subpoenaed person resides, is
9	served, or may be found, or where the sub-
10	poena is returnable, may issue an order re-
11	quiring such person to appear at any des-
12	ignated place to testify or to produce docu-
13	mentary or other evidence. Any failure to
14	obey the order of the court may be pun-
15	ished by the court as a contempt of that
16	court.
17	(ii) Additional enforcement.—In
18	the case of a failure of a witness to comply
19	with a subpoena or to testify when sum-
20	moned under authority of this section, a
21	Commission may, by majority vote, certify
22	a statement of fact constituting such fail-
23	ure to the appropriate United States attor-
24	ney, who may bring the matter before the

grand jury for its action, under the same



	105
1	statutory authority and procedures as if
2	the United States attorney had received a
3	certification under sections 102 through
4	104 of the Revised Statutes of the United
5	States (2 U.S.C. 192 through 194).
6	(b) Contracting.—A Commission may, to such ex-
7	tent and in such amounts as are provided in appropriation
8	Acts, enter into contracts to enable the Commission to dis-
9	charge its duties under this title.
10	(c) Information From Federal Agencies.—
11	(1) In general.—A Commission may secure
12	directly from any executive department, bureau,
13	agency, board, commission, office, independent es-
14	tablishment, or instrumentality of the Government,
15	information, suggestions, estimates, and statistics
16	for the purposes of this title. Each department, bu-
17	reau, agency, board, commission, office, independent
18	establishment, or instrumentality shall, to the extent
19	authorized by law, furnish such information, sugges-
20	tions, estimates, and statistics directly to the Com-

mission, upon request made by the Chairman, the

chairman of any subcommittee created by a majority

of the Commission, or any member designated by a

majority of the Commission.



21

22

23

1	(2) Receipt, handling, storage, and dis-
2	SEMINATION.—Information shall only be received
3	handled, stored, and disseminated by members of
4	the Commission and its staff consistent with all ap-
5	plicable statutes, regulations, and Executive orders.
6	(d) Assistance From Federal Agencies.—
7	(1) General services administration.—
8	The Administrator of General Services shall provide
9	to a Commission on a reimbursable basis adminis-
10	trative support and other services for the perform-
11	ance of the Commission's tasks.
12	(2) Other departments and agencies.—In
13	addition to the assistance prescribed in paragraph
14	(1), departments and agencies of the United States
15	may provide to the Commission such services, funds
16	facilities, staff, and other support services as they
17	may determine advisable and as may be authorized
18	by law.
19	(3) NASA ENGINEERING AND SAFETY CEN-
20	TER.—The NASA Engineering and Safety Center
21	shall provide data and technical support as re-
22	quested by a Commission.
23	(e) Postal Services.—A Commission may use the

24 United States mails in the same manner and under the



1	same conditions as departments and agencies of the
2	United States.
3	SEC. 933. PUBLIC MEETINGS, INFORMATION, AND HEAR-
4	INGS.
5	(a) Public Meetings and Release of Public
6	Versions of Reports.—A Commission shall—
7	(1) hold public hearings and meetings to the ex-
8	tent appropriate; and
9	(2) release public versions of the reports re-
10	quired under this Act.
11	(b) Public Hearings.—Any public hearings of a
12	Commission shall be conducted in a manner consistent
13	with the protection of information provided to or developed
14	for or by the Commission as required by any applicable
15	statute, regulation, or Executive order.
16	SEC. 934. STAFF OF COMMISSION.
17	(a) In General.—
18	(1) APPOINTMENT AND COMPENSATION.—The
19	Chairman, in consultation with Vice Chairman, in
20	accordance with rules agreed upon by a Commission,
21	may appoint and fix the compensation of a staff di-
22	rector and such other personnel as may be necessary
23	to enable the Commission to carry out its functions,
24	without regard to the provisions of title 5, United

States Code, governing appointments in the competi-



1	tive service, and without regard to the provisions of
2	chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of such
3	title relating to classification and General Schedule
4	pay rates, except that no rate of pay fixed under this
5	paragraph may exceed the equivalent of that payable
6	for a position at level V of the Executive Schedule
7	under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code.
8	Employees of NASA shall not be appointed to the
9	staff of a Commission.
10	(2) Personnel as federal employees.—
11	(A) In general.—The executive director
12	and any personnel of a Commission shall be
13	considered employees under section 2105 of
14	title 5, United States Code, for purposes of
15	chapters 63, 81, 83, 84, 85, 87, 89, and 90 of
16	that title.
17	(B) Members of commission.—Subpara-
18	graph (A) does not apply to members of a Com-
19	mission.
20	(b) Detailees.—Any Federal Government em-
21	ployee, except for an employee of NASA, may be detailed
22	to a Commission without reimbursement from the Com-
23	mission, and such detailee shall retain the rights, status,
24	and privileges of his or her regular employment without



25 interruption.

- 1 (c) Consultant Services.—A Commission may
- 2 procure the services of experts and consultants in accord-
- 3 ance with section 3109 of title 5, United States Code, but
- 4 at rates not to exceed the daily rate paid a person occu-
- 5 pying a position at level IV of the Executive Schedule
- 6 under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code. Any
- 7 consultant or expert whose services are procured under
- 8 this subsection shall disclose any contract or association
- 9 it has with NASA or any NASA contractor.

#### 10 SEC. 935. COMPENSATION AND TRAVEL EXPENSES.

- 11 (a) Compensation.—Each member of a Commission
- 12 may be compensated at not to exceed the daily equivalent
- 13 of the annual rate of basic pay in effect for a position
- 14 at level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315
- 15 of title 5, United States Code, for each day during which
- 16 that member is engaged in the actual performance of the
- 17 duties of the Commission.
- 18 (b) Travel Expenses.—While away from their
- 19 homes or regular places of business in the performance
- 20 of services for the Commission, members of a Commission
- 21 shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu
- 22 of subsistence, in the same manner as persons employed
- 23 intermittently in the Government service are allowed ex-
- 24 penses under section 5703(b) of title 5, United States
- 25 Code.



1	SEC. 936. SECURITY CLEARANCES FOR COMMISSION MEM-
2	BERS AND STAFF.
3	The appropriate Federal agencies or departments
4	shall cooperate with a Commission in expeditiously pro-
5	viding to the Commission members and staff appropriate
6	security clearances to the extent possible pursuant to ex-
7	isting procedures and requirements. No person shall be
8	provided with access to classified information under this
9	title without the appropriate security clearances.
10	SEC. 937. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS AND TERMINATION.
11	(a) Interim Reports.—A Commission may submit
12	to the President and Congress interim reports containing
13	such findings, conclusions, and recommendations for cor-
14	rective actions as have been agreed to by a majority of
15	Commission members.
16	(b) Final Report.—A Commission shall submit to
17	the President and Congress, and make concurrently avail-
18	able to the public, a final report containing such findings,
19	conclusions, and recommendations for corrective actions
20	as have been agreed to by a majority of Commission mem-
21	bers. Such report shall include any minority views or opin-
22	ions not reflected in the majority report.
23	(c) Termination.—
24	(1) In general.—A Commission, and all the

authorities of this title with respect to that Commis-



1	sion, snall terminate 60 days after the date on which
2	the final report is submitted under subsection (b).
3	(2) Administrative activities before ter-
4	MINATION.—A Commission may use the 60-day pe-
5	riod referred to in paragraph (1) for the purpose of
6	concluding its activities, including providing testi-
7	mony to committees of Congress concerning its re-
8	ports and disseminating the final report.

